



Reality is not always what it seems!

**Using process mining and conformance checking
to find out what is really going on in your system**

Prof.dr.ir. Wil van der Aalst

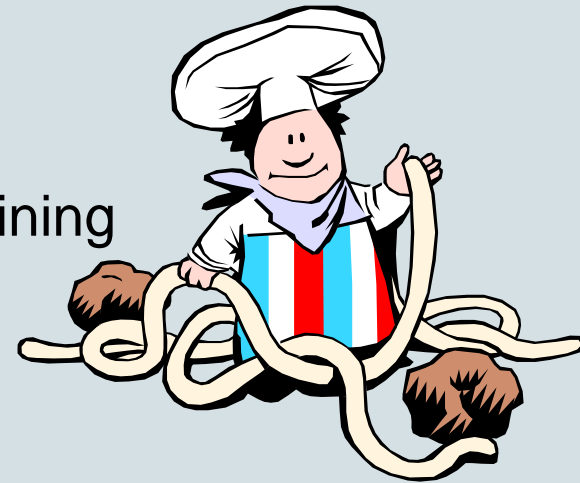
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Outline

- Process Analysis: From verification to process mining
- Process Mining: Running example
- Discovery
- Conformance checking
- Reality Check
- Conclusion



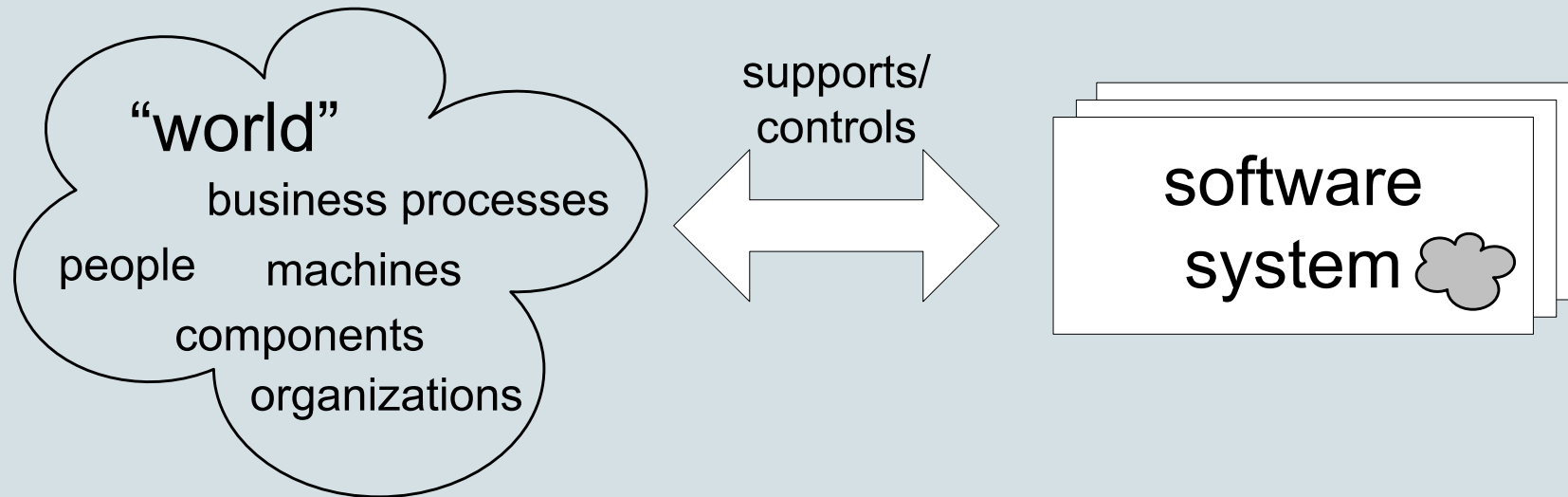
The work of many people!

Thanks to Ton Weijters, Boudewijn van Dongen, Ana Karla Alves de Medeiros, Anne Rozinat, Christian Günter, Eric Verbeek, Ronny Mans, Minseok Song, Laura Maruster, Huub de Beer, Peter van den Brand, Jan Mendling, Andriy Nikolov, Jianmin Wang, Lijie Wen, Irene Vanderfeesten, Mariska Netjes, Steffi Rinderle, Walid Gaaloul, Gianluigi Greco, Antonella Guzzo, etc. etc.

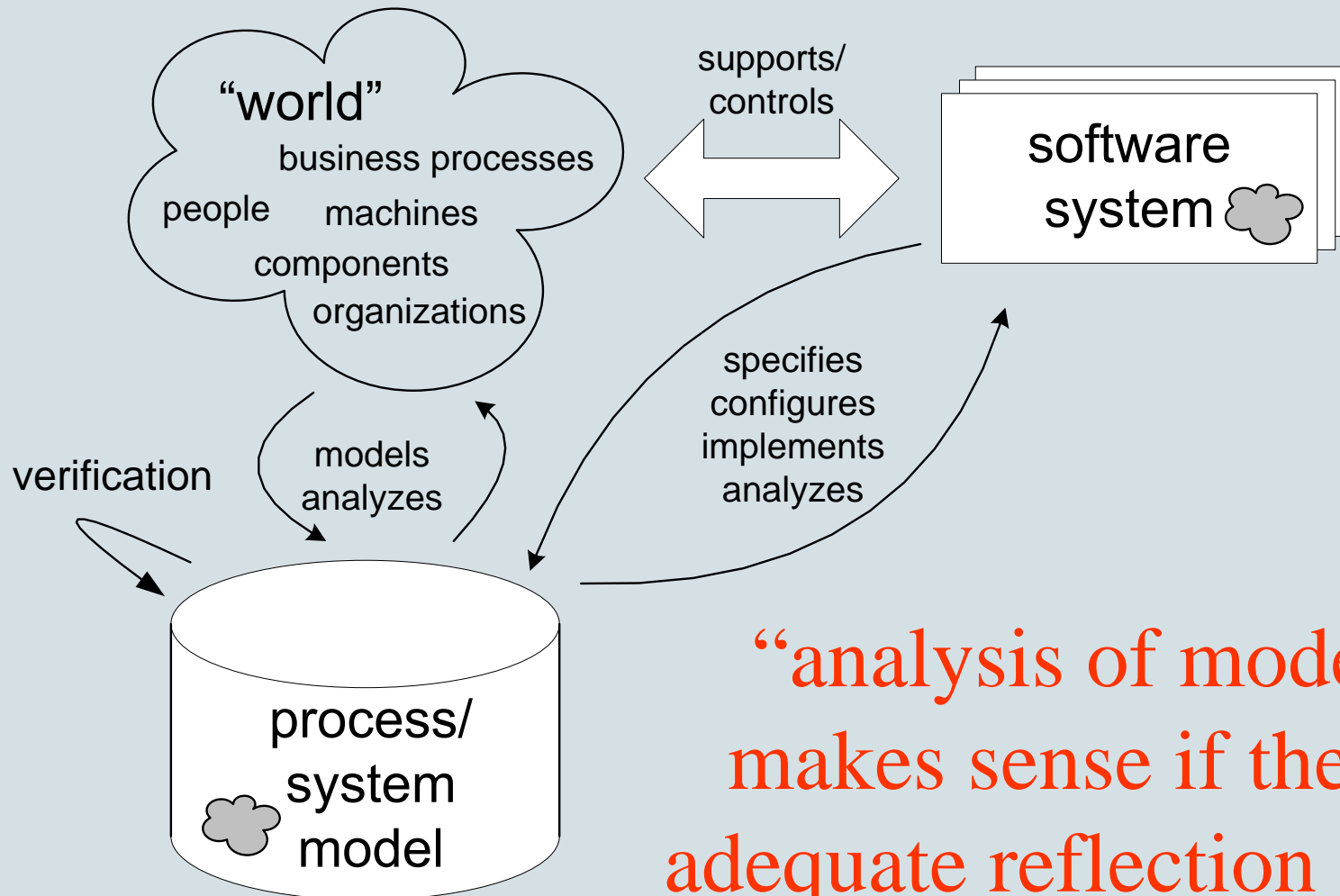
Overview Process Analysis

from verification to process mining

Software systems are the mirror image of the “world”



Dual role of process models



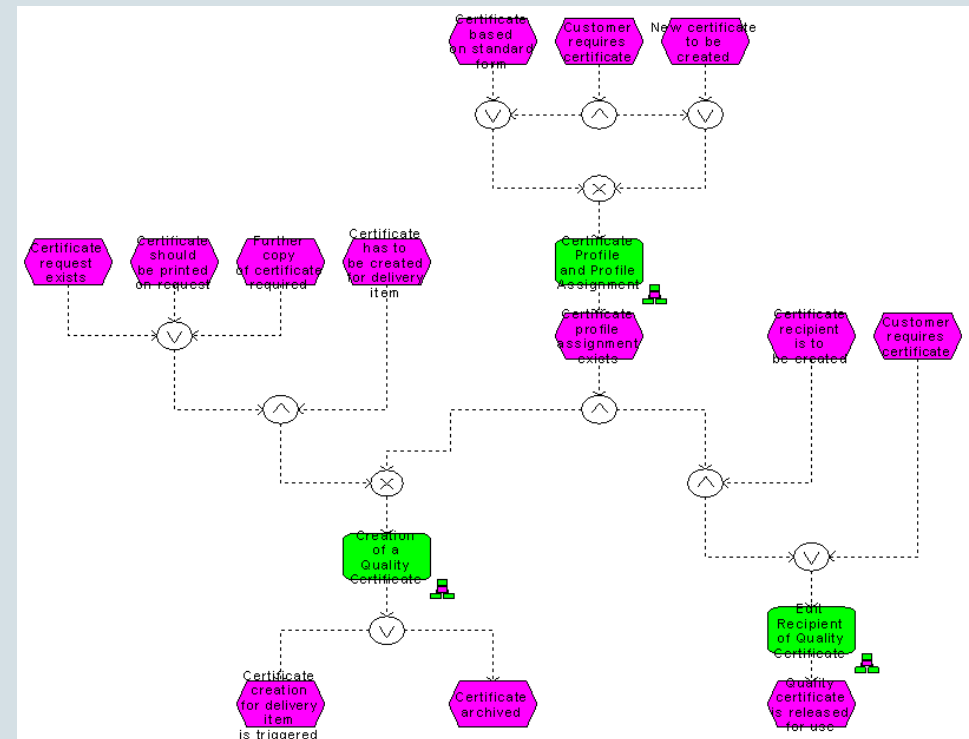


the disconnect ...

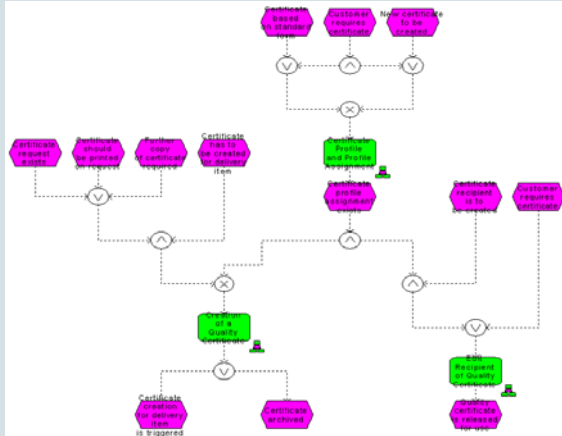
Example: Verification of the SAP Reference model (Joint work with Jan Mendling)

- The SAP reference model contains more than 600 non-trivial process models expressed in terms of Event-driven Process Chains (EPCs).

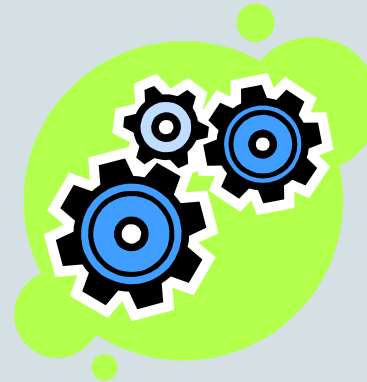
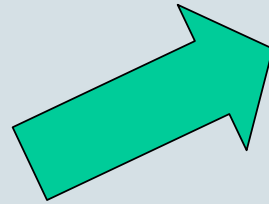
Hierarchy Level	Models	eEPC	Function Allocation Diagram	Process Selection Diagram	Role Activity Diagram	EPC	Error
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
2	58	29	0	29	0	0	0
3	175	73	0	0	0	102	15
4	1226	724	0	0	0	502	19
5	8384	3035	3035	0	2014	0	0
All Levels	9844	3862	3035	29	2014	604	34



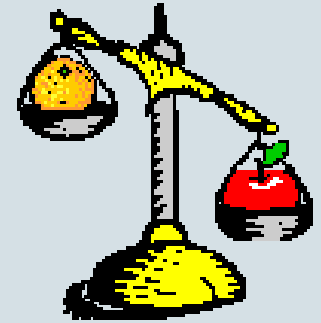
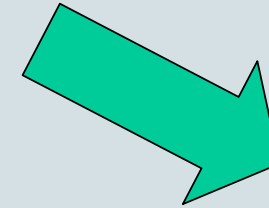
Approach



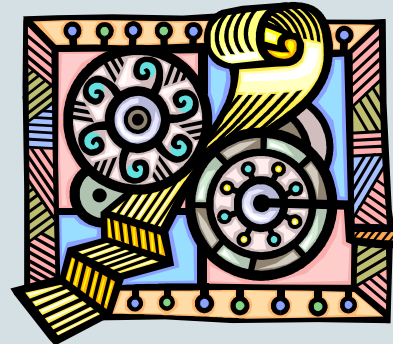
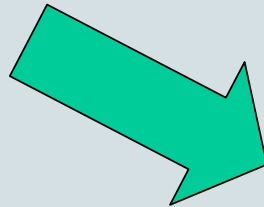
604 non-trivial
process models



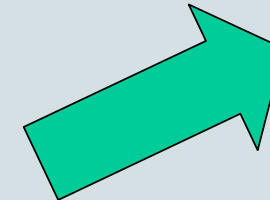
model
analysis



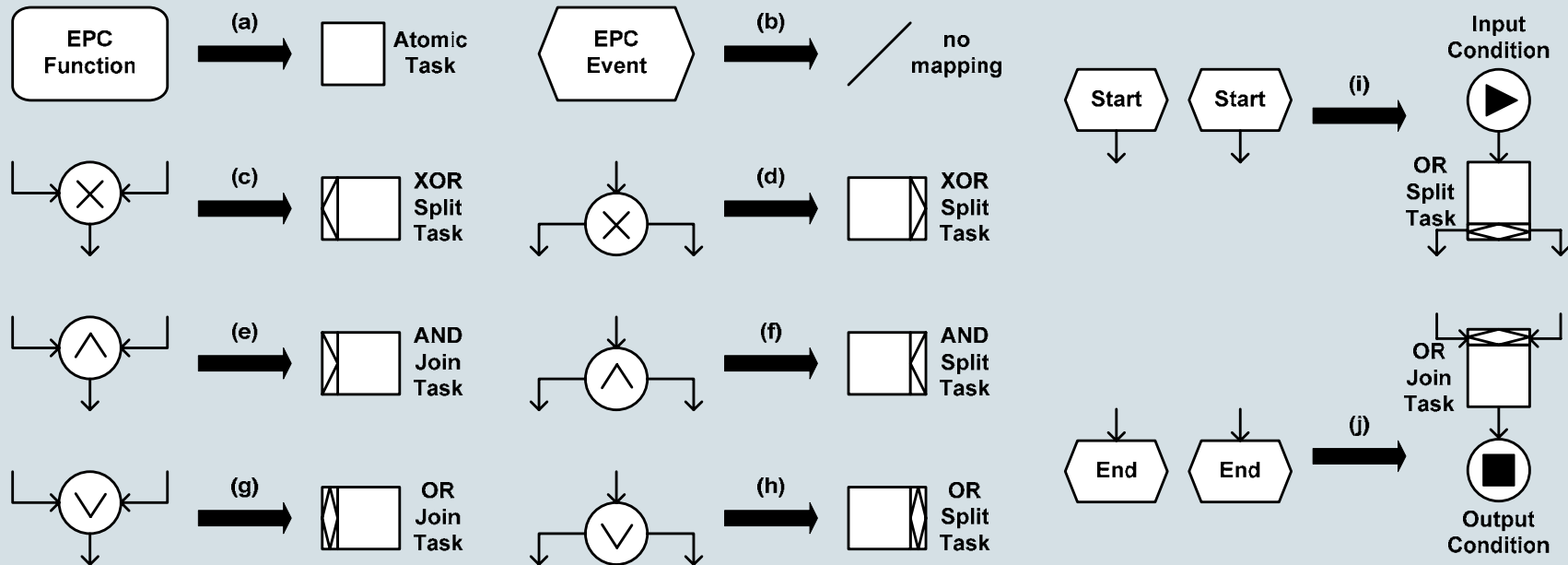
compare



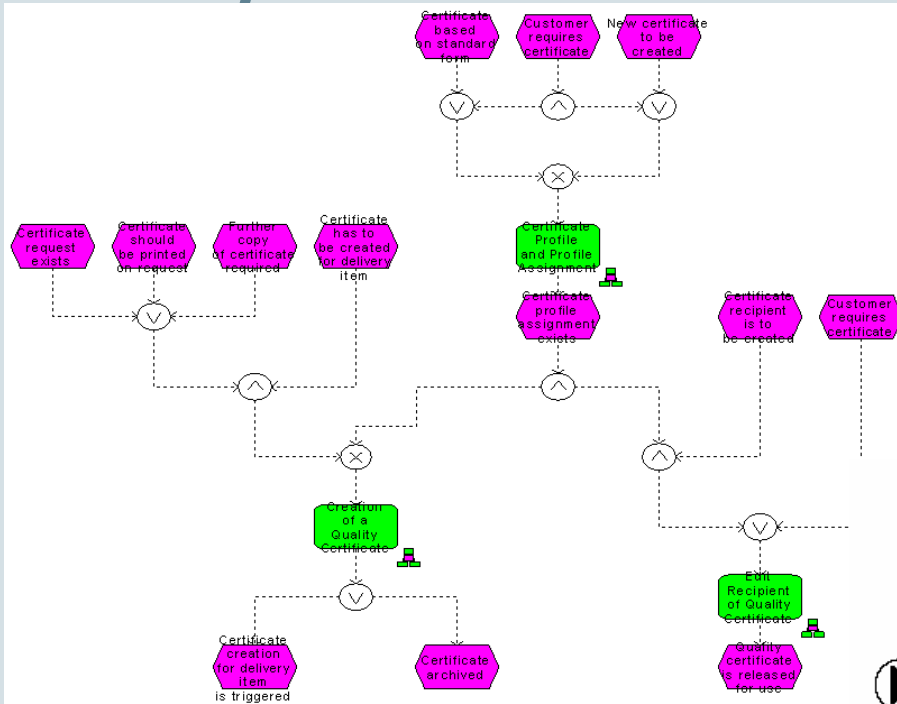
collect
characteristics



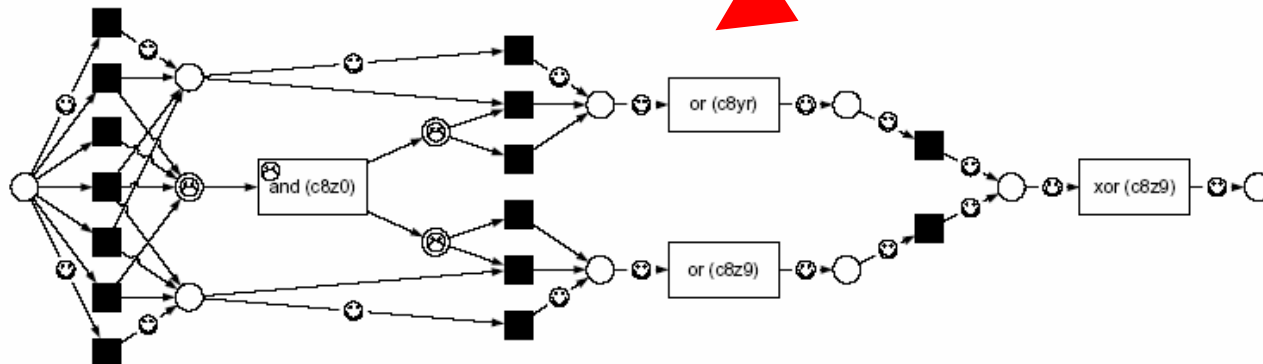
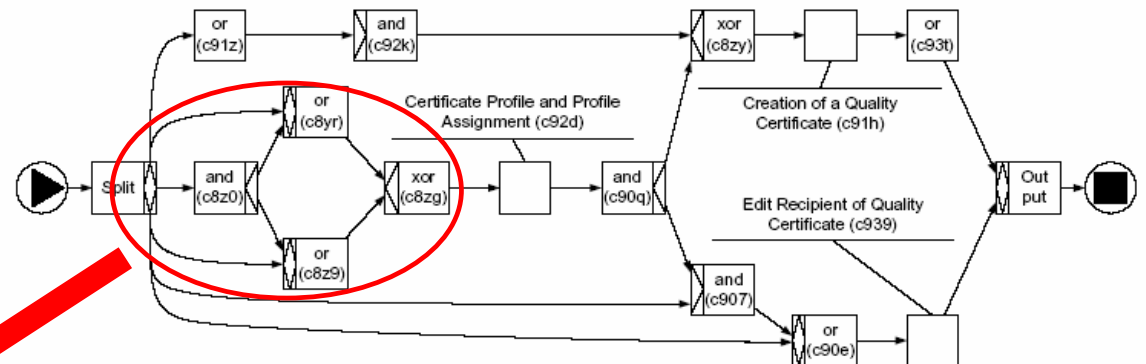
Simplistic approach: YAWL + invariants



Analysis using **transition invariants**, i.e., only lower bound! ProM allows for more precise analysis



*Simplistic approach:
YAWL + Petri net
invariants*



Branch	Model	%	EPC	%	$E_{av.}$	$F_{av.}$	$C_{av.}$	$A_{av.}$	Cycle	Error	%
Asset Accounting	461	4.7%	43	7.1%	13.9	4.0	5.2	23.3	0	7	16.3%
Benefits Administration	50	0.5%	6	1.0%	9.5	3.3	5.8	19.7	3	0	0.0%
Compensation Management	122	1.2%	18	3.0%	7.6	3.4	3.3	13.7	3	1	5.6%
Customer Service	402	4.1%	41	6.8%	16.5	3.6	9.0	29.5	3	1	2.4%
Enterprise Controlling	599	6.1%	22	3.6%	14.3	10.1	6.1	32.1	0	3	13.6%
Environment, Health, Safety	102	1.0%	19	3.1%	3.5	2.7	1.2	7.0	0	0	0.0%
Financial Accounting	614	6.2%	54	8.9%	13.0	4.0	5.1	21.8	0	3	5.6%
Position Management	4	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	n.a.
Inventory Management	184	1.9%	3	0.5%	15.0	7.0	6.0	28.0	2	0	0.0%
Organizational Management	37	0.4%	5	0.8%	12.0	3.0	6.6	24.0	3	0	0.0%
Payroll	541	5.5%	7	1.2%	5.7	3.1	2.1	11.4	0	1	14.3%
Personnel Administration	15	0.2%	4	0.7%	7.3	1.5	4.0	12.3	0	0	0.0%
Personnel Development	60	0.6%	10	1.7%	8.7	2.5	4.4	15.6	3	1	10.0%
Personnel Time Management	87	0.9%	12	2.0%	10.8	3.0	5.3	19.5	1	2	16.7%
Plant Maintenance	399	4.1%	35	5.8%	20.5	4.2	11.4	37.8	9	1	2.9%
Procurement	444	4.5%	37	6.1%	6.7	3.5	2.7	12.4	0	2	5.4%
Product Data Management	366	3.7%	26	4.3%	4.5	5.4	2.2	13.7	0	0	0.0%
Production	296	3.0%	17	2.8%	8.8	3.0	2.9	13.7	0	1	5.9%
Production Planning	194	2.0%	17	2.8%	5.7	2.9	3.0	11.5	0	0	0.0%
Project Management	347	3.5%	36	6.0%	8.5	3.8	2.2	14.0	0	0	0.0%
Quality Management	209	2.1%	20	3.3%	20.5	3.8	11.7	37.8	1	1	5.0%
Real Estate Management	169	1.7%	6	1.0%	12.7	6.5	7.3	27.0	1	1	16.7%
Recruitment	56	0.6%	9	1.5%	7.4	2.6	4.1	13.8	3	0	0.0%
Retail	842	8.6%	1	0.2%	7.0	5.0	2.0	11.0	0	0	0.0%
Revenue & Cost Controlling	568	5.8%	19	3.1%	16.5	10.2	7.9	36.0	1	1	5.3%
Sales & Distribution	703	7.1%	76	12.6%	10.6	3.1	4.3	16.6	0	1	1.3%
Training & Event Management	95	1.0%	12	2.0%	13.0	2.7	6.2	22.2	0	1	8.3%
Travel Management	116	1.2%	1	0.2%	24.0	7.0	16.0	48.0	0	0	0.0%
Treasury	1761	17.9%	48	7.9%	10.5	3.5	4.5	18.1	0	6	12.5%
All 29 Branches	9844	100%	604	100%	11.5	4.0	5.2	20.8	33	34	5.6%

5.6%

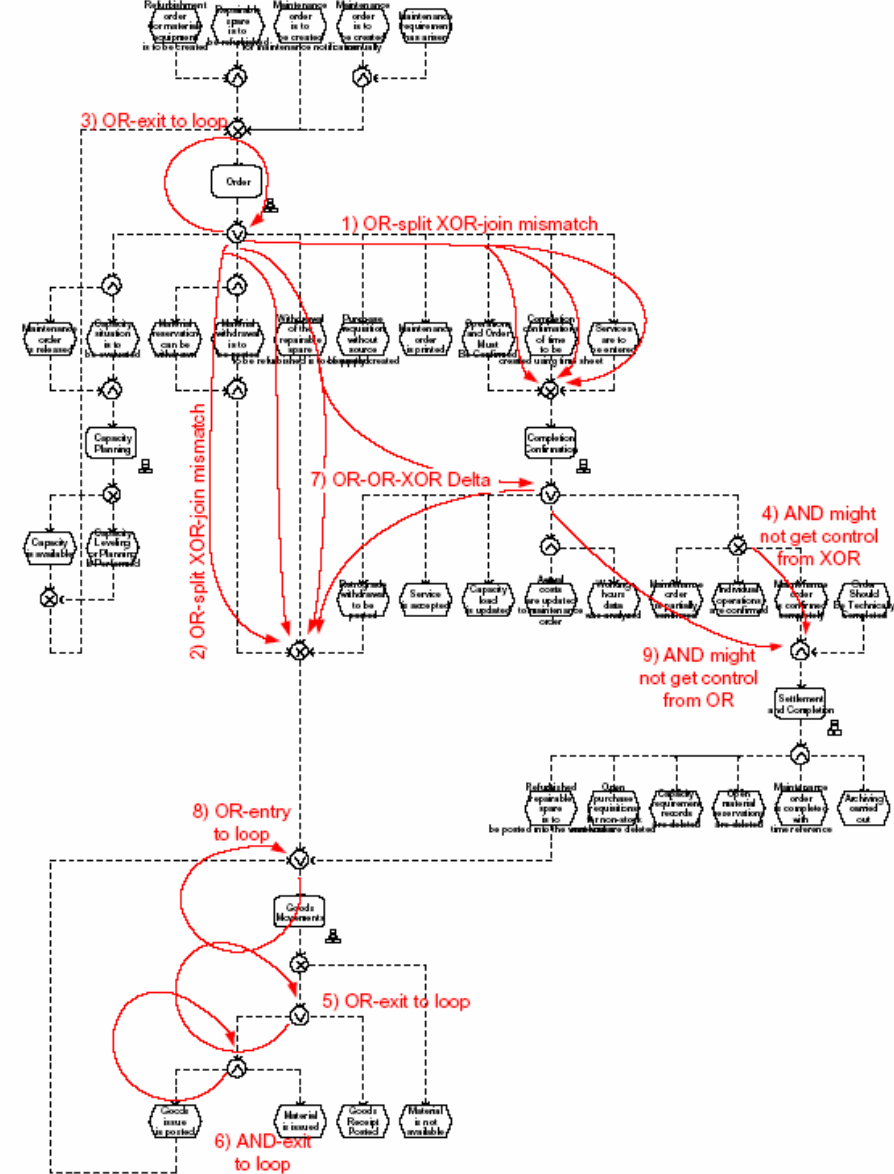
5.6% is a lower bound!

- Using more refined techniques more errors are found, e.g., using reduction rules and state-space analysis it can be shown that 20.9% of the SAP models are incorrect (126/604).
- Other large repositories of EPC models:
 - Collection of 381 non-trivial EPCs from a German process reengineering project in the service sector
 - Collection of 935 non-trivial EPCs from the Austrian financial industry
 - Collection of 83 non-trivial EPCs from three different consulting companies
- Total: 2003 non-trivial EPCs

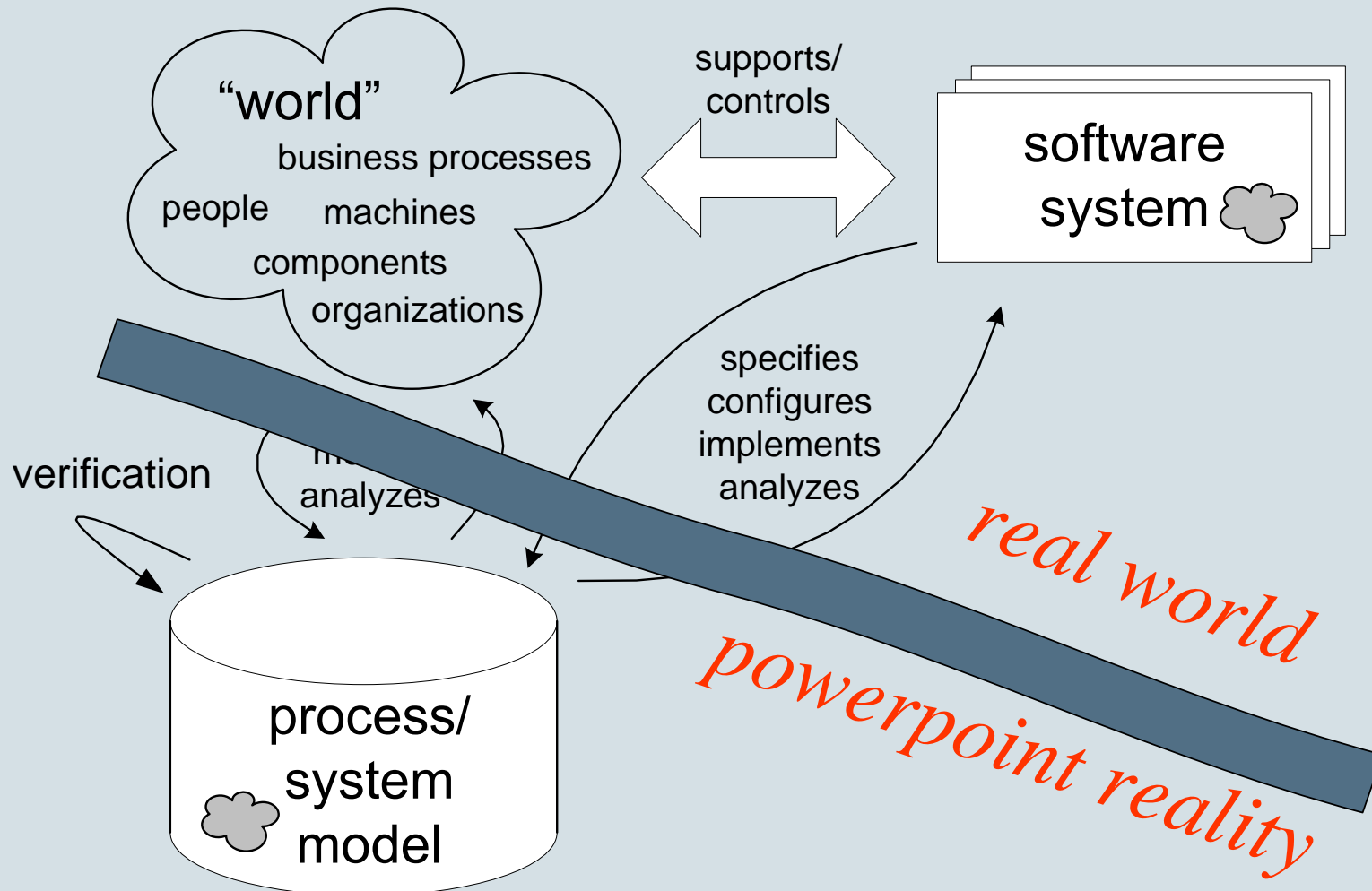
Overview results

Parameter	Complete Sample	SAP Ref. Model
xoEPC errors	154	90
Unreduced EPCs	156	103
ProM error EPCs	115	75
EPCs with errors	215	126
EPCs in total	2003	604
Error ratio	10.7%	20.9%

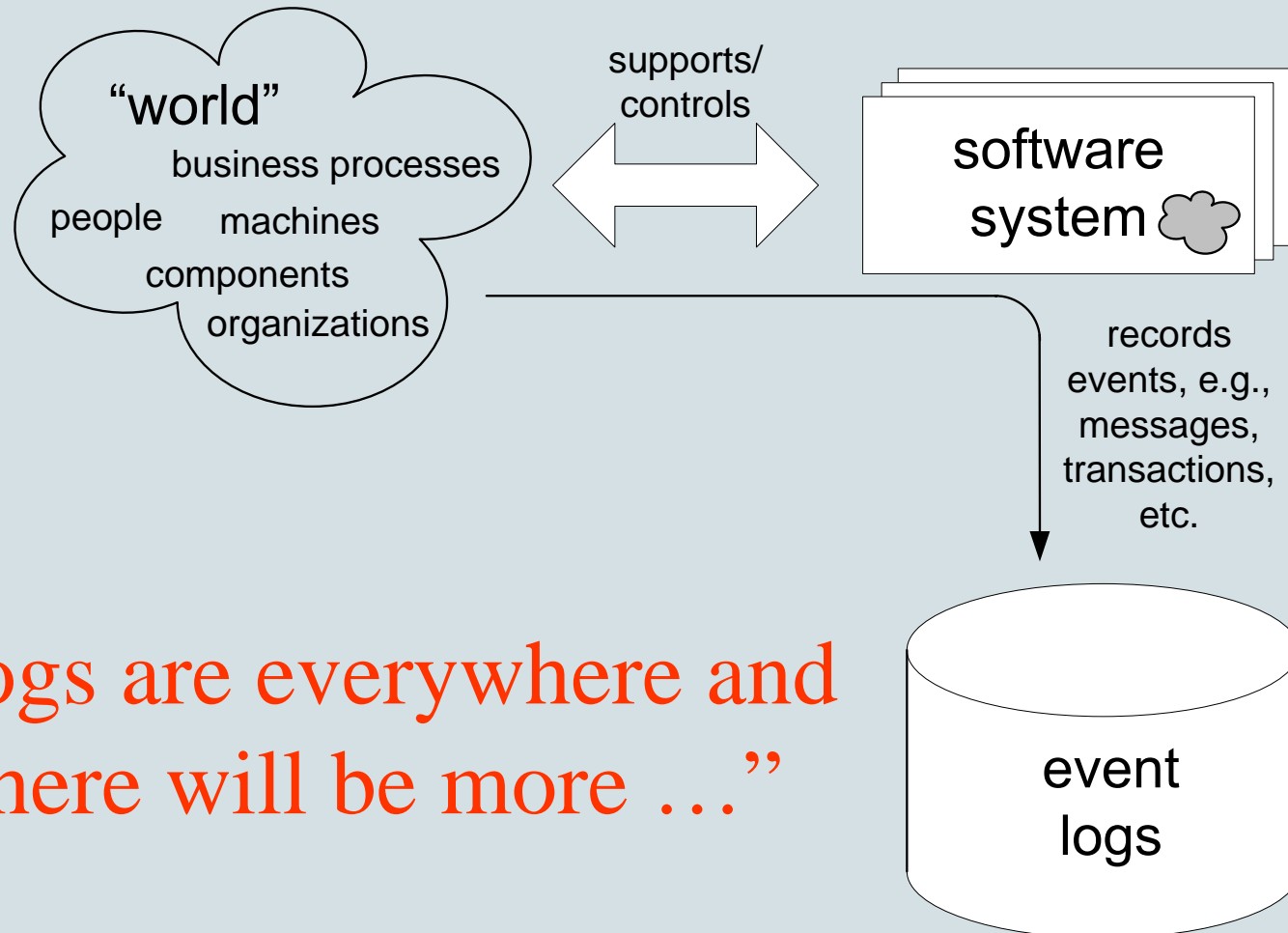
- Designers make errors (10.7%)
- Errors can be predicted (95%)
- Process verification is mature, but models are not!
- Disconnect between ref. models and systems cf. SAP



Limitations of using models as a starting point



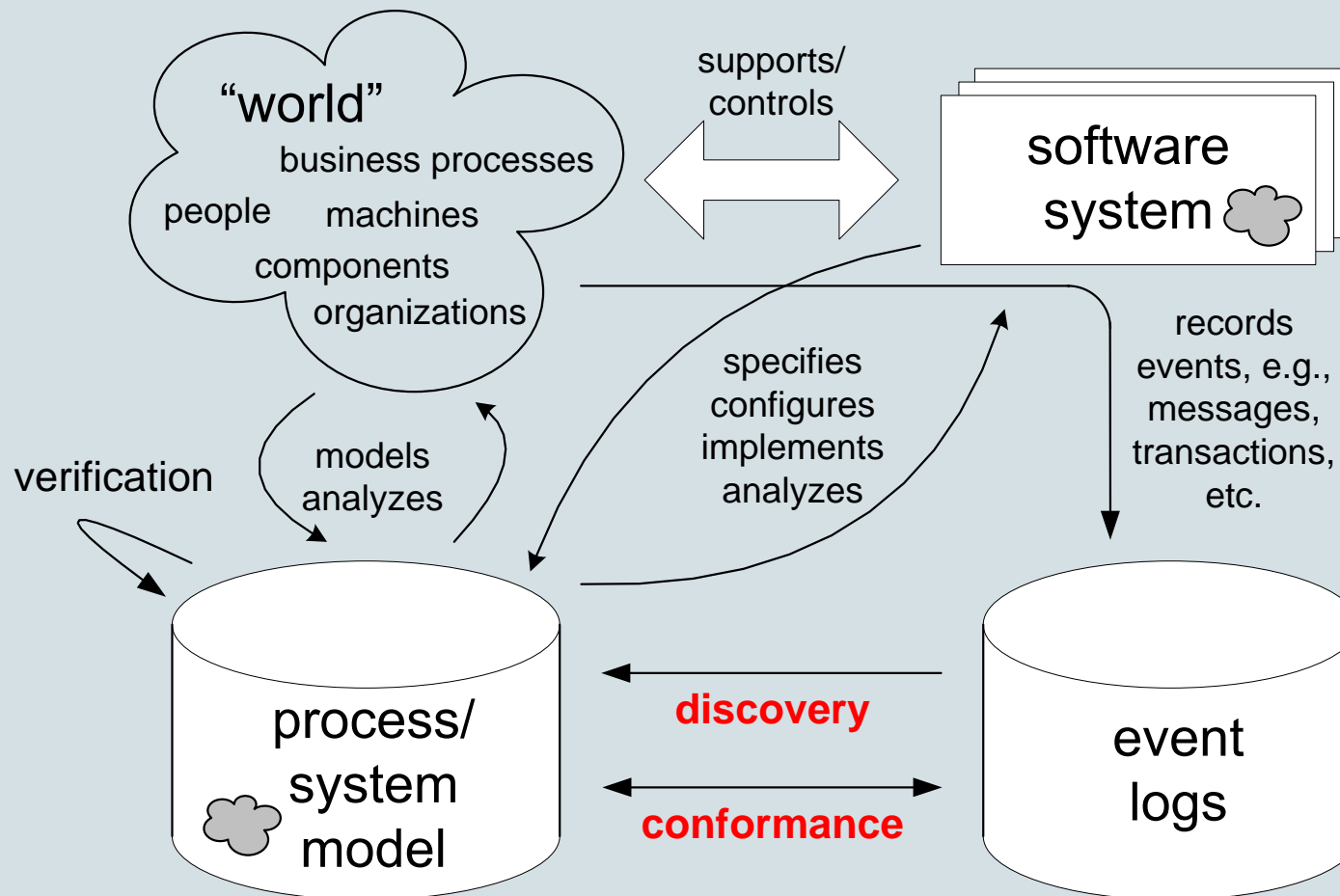
Event logs are a reflection of reality



Examples:



Process mining: Linking events to models



Toy example to explain basic idea:

Reviewing of papers for journal



Event log:

- processes
 - process instances
 - events

Per event:

- activity name
- (event type)
- (originator)
- (timestamp)
- (data)



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying an XML event log. The address bar shows the file path: D:\application_data\ProM\cpn_examples\reviewing\reviewslog_with_fewer_errors.xml. The XML content is as follows:

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<Originator>Mike</Originator>
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    <Originator>Anne</Originator>
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    <WorkflowModelElement>get review 2</WorkflowModelElement>
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    <Originator>Pete</Originator>
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```

```
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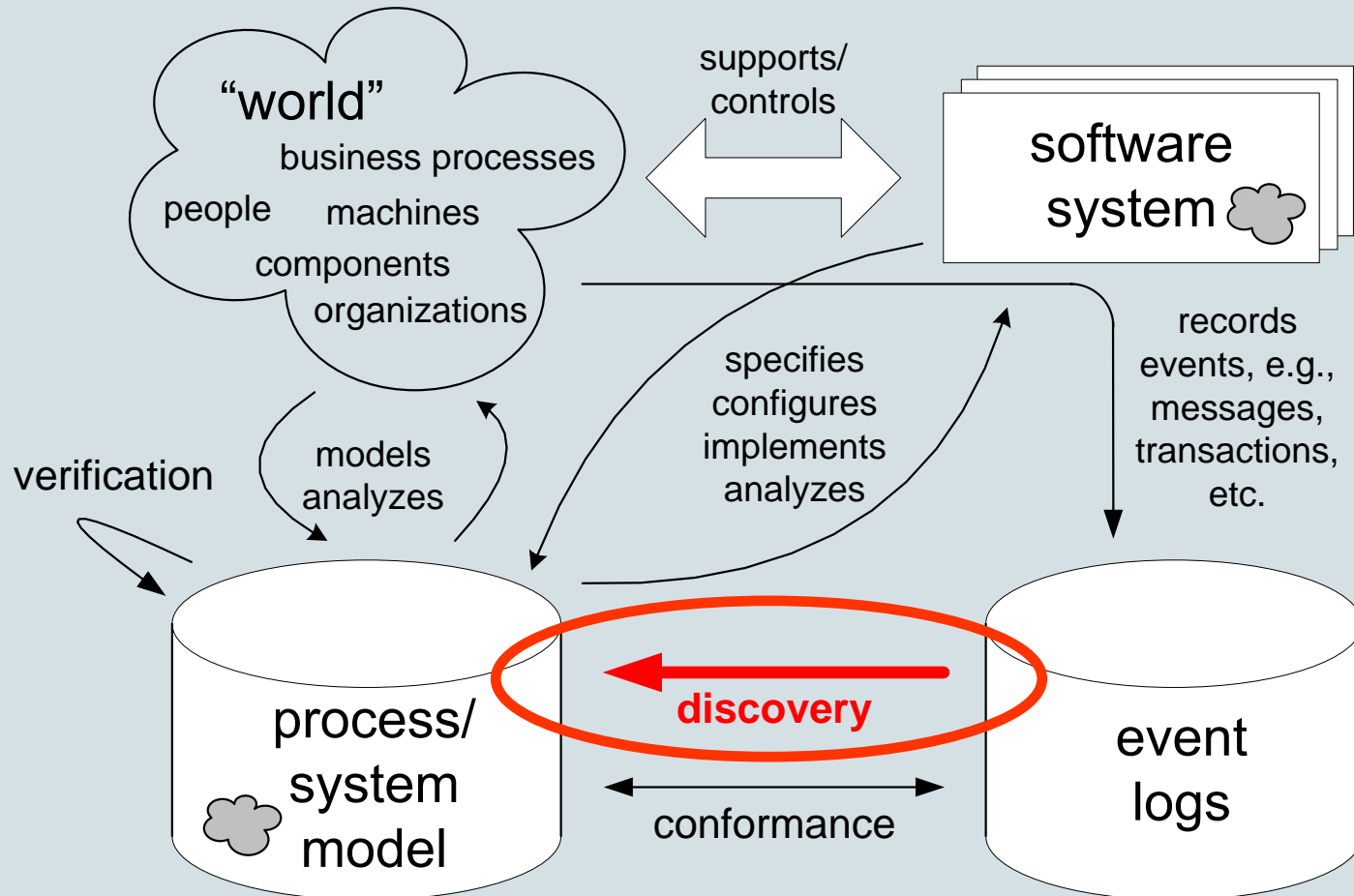
attributes of
an event

end of
activity

activity

instance

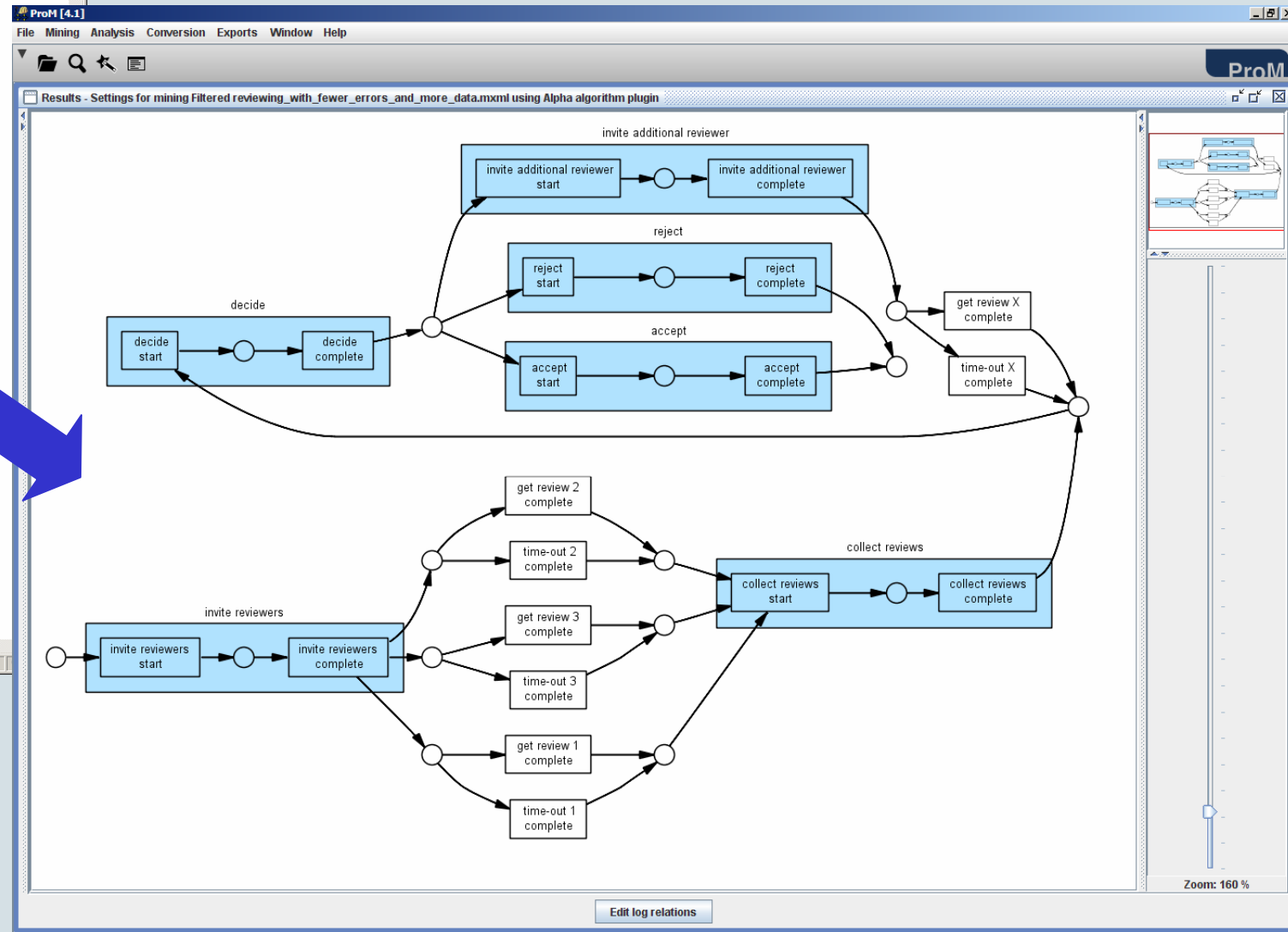
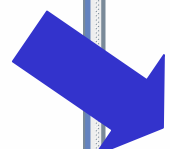
Discovery



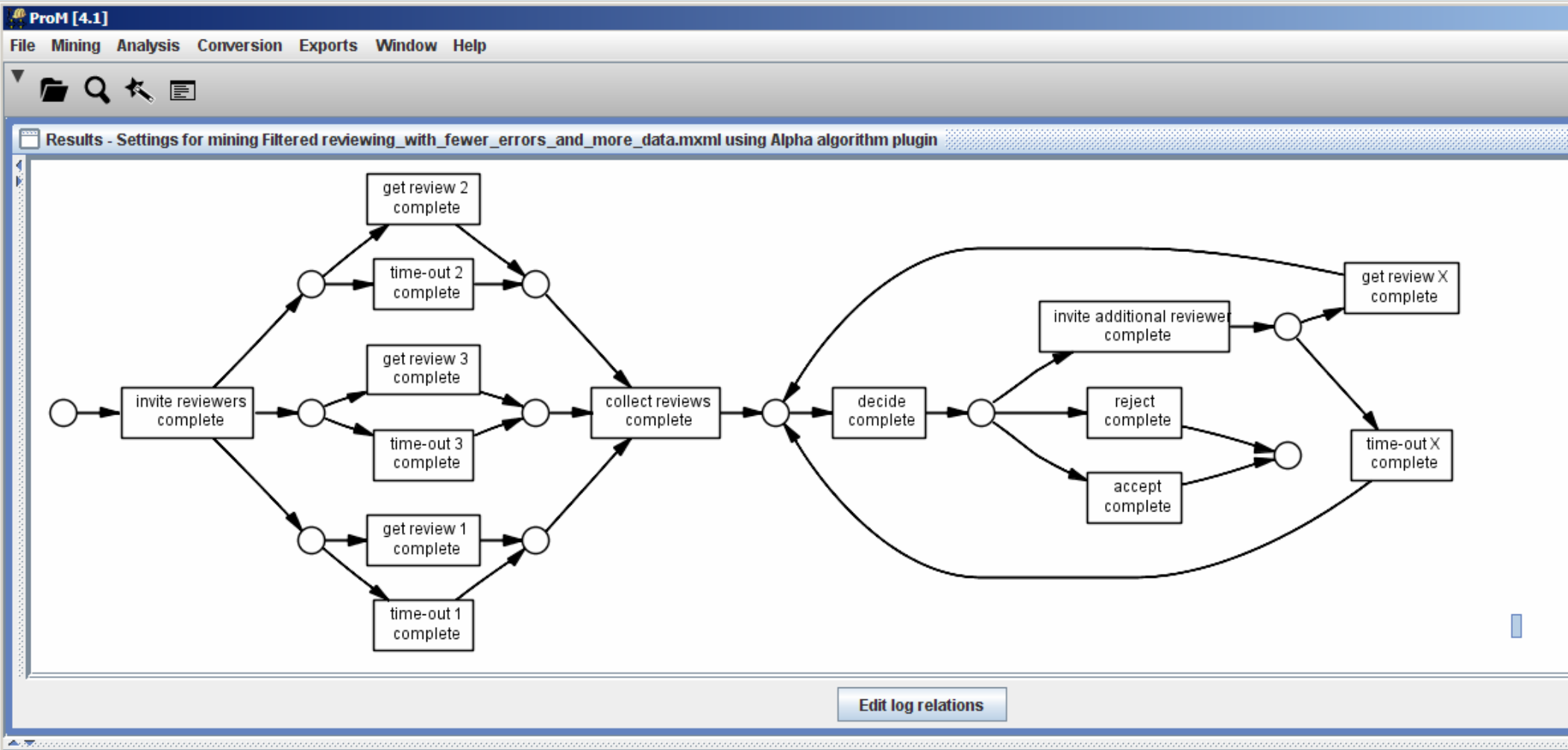
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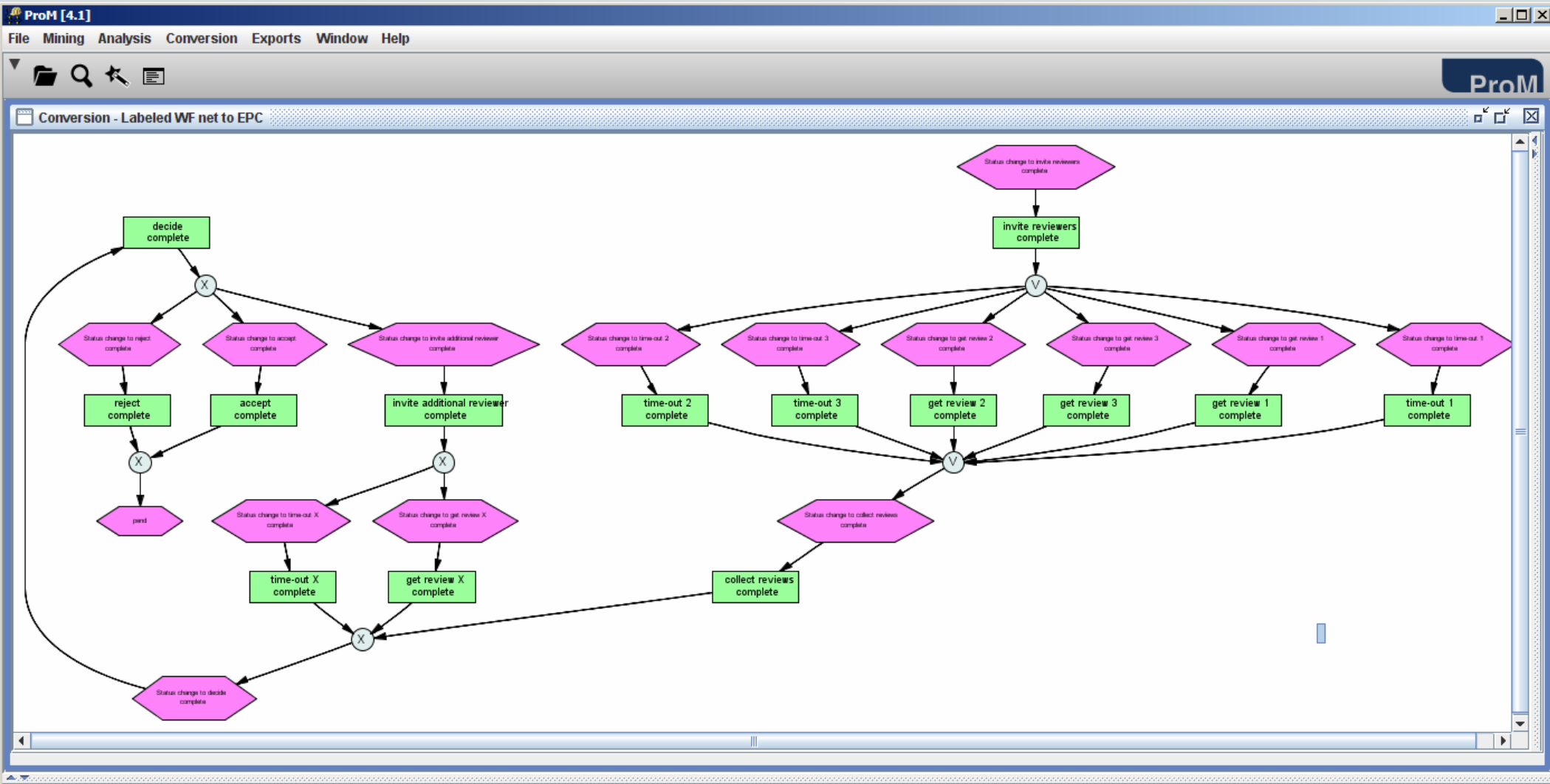
D:\application_data\ProM\cpn_examples\reviewing\reviewlog_with_fewer_errors.xml - Windows Internet E...
D:\application_data\ProM\cpn_examples\reviewing\reviewlog_with_fewer_errors.xml
Google
Uitvoeren
Bladvijzers
PageRank
Instellingen
VSS 2007 Pr...
D&LP: David ...
D:\applic...
Page
Tools
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```



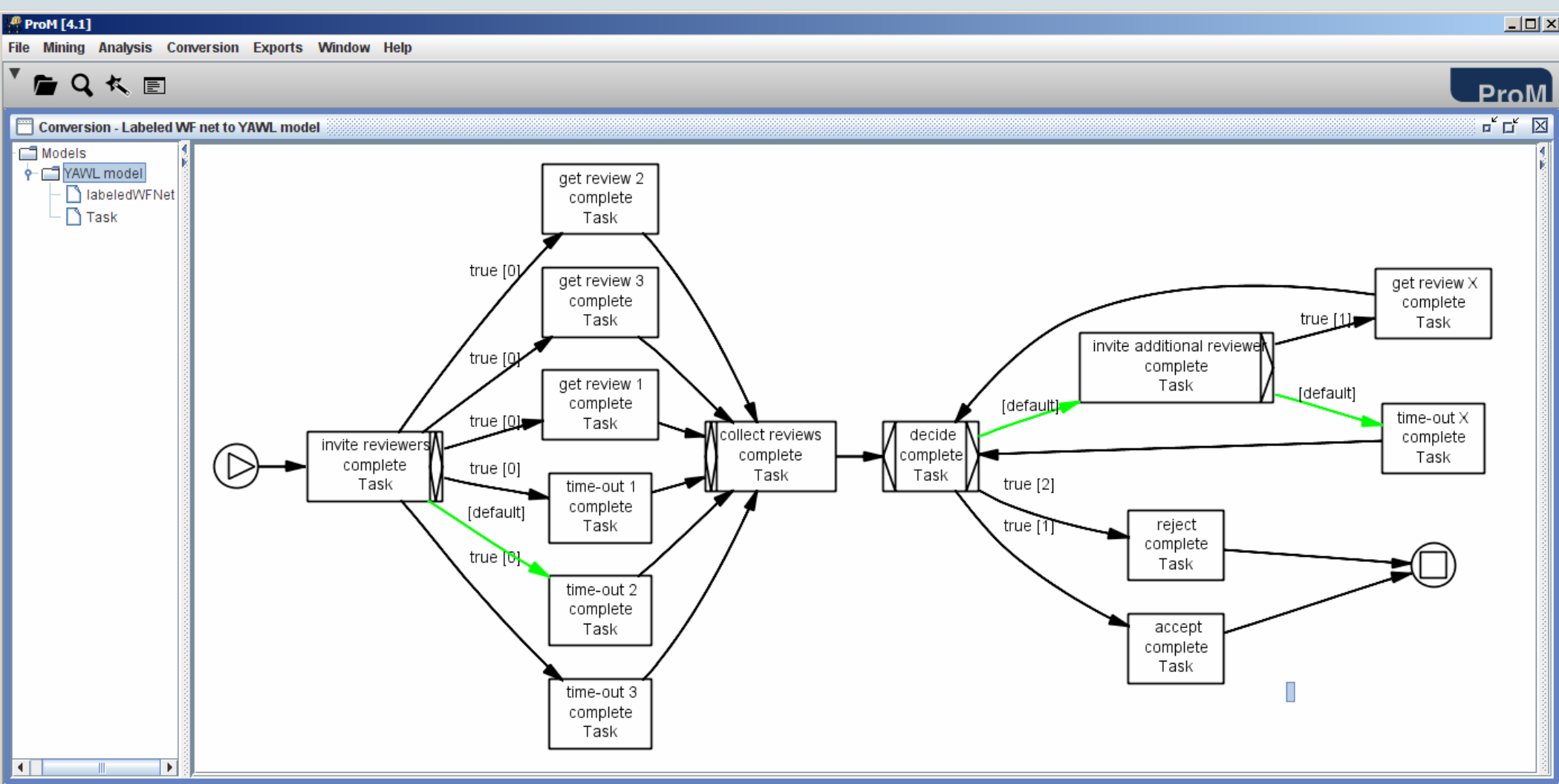
No transactional information





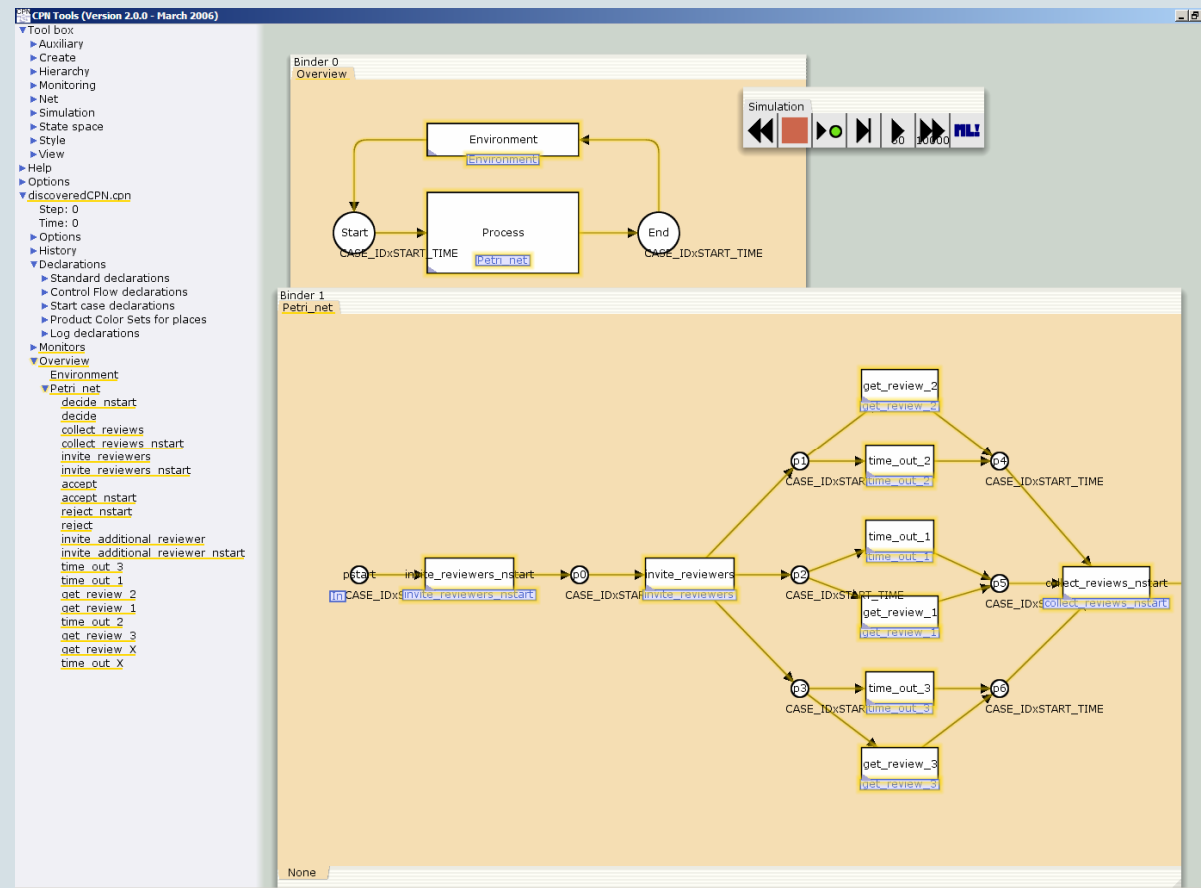
Corresponding EPC model (used by SAP,ARIS, etc)

YAWL model (executable workflow model)



Conversions/exports/imports

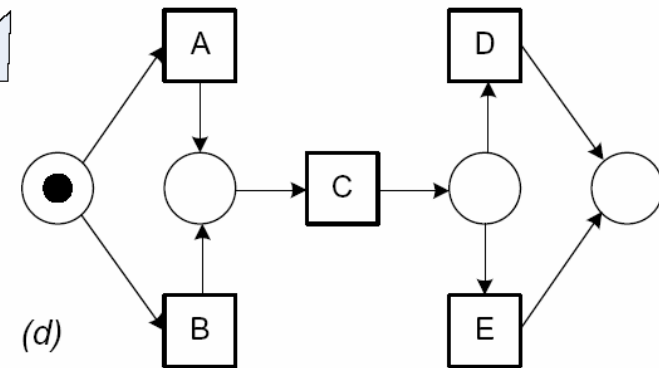
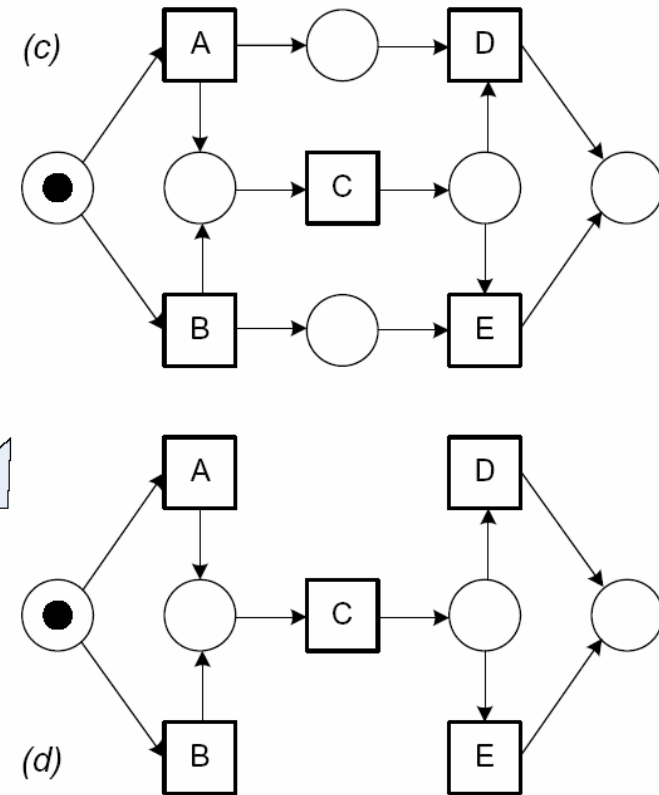
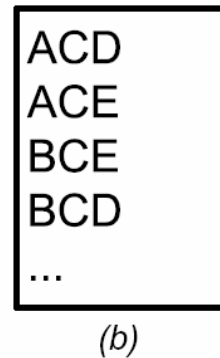
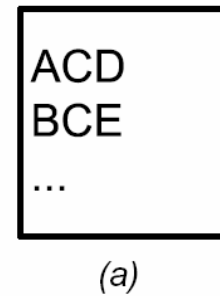
- ARIS – ARIS PPM
- BPEL 1.1 (WebSphere/Oracle)
- YAWL
- CPN Tools
- Petrify
- Woflan
- Heuristics nets
- ...



Theory of Regions !?

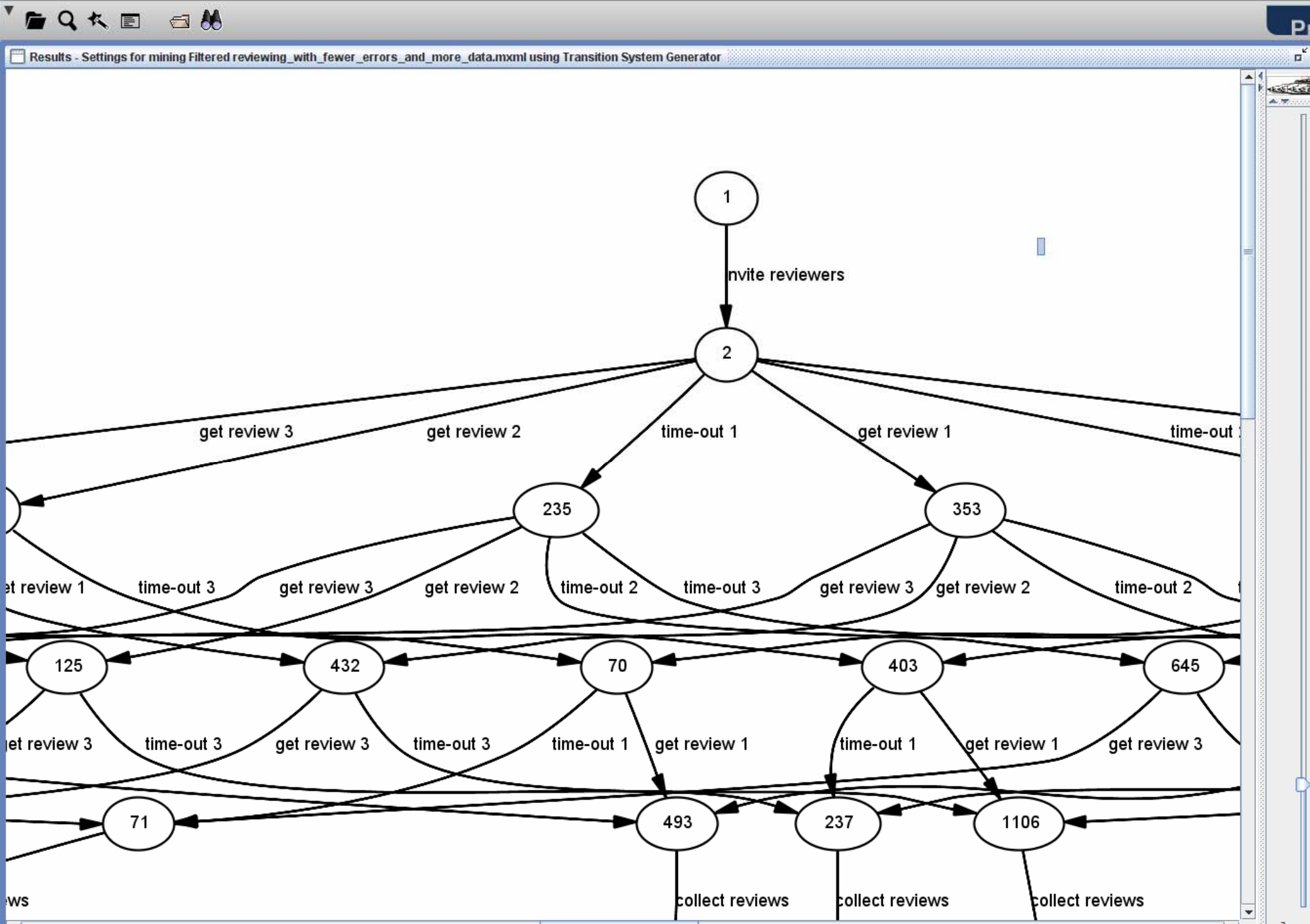
Differences with synthesis:

- **aim** (exact/executable model – insight)
- **input** (complete/perfect information – partial/noisy information)



Two steps:

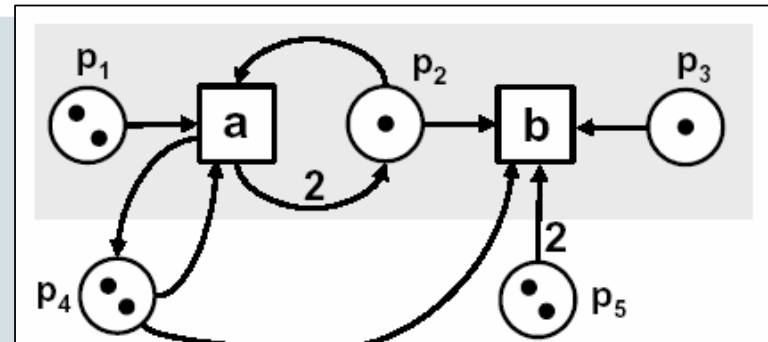
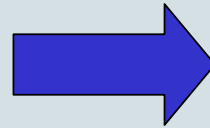
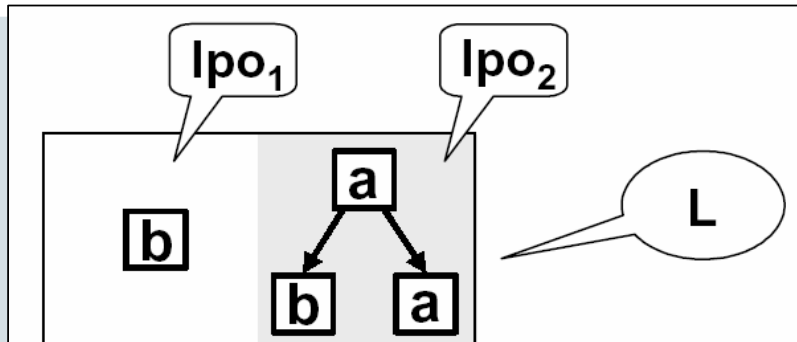
1. log2transition-system
2. transition-system2Petri-net





too detailed/precise?

Example "Eichstätt paper"



ProM [4.1]

File Mining Analysis Conversion Exports Window Help

Results - Settings for mining Filtered lorenz1.mxml using Alpha++ algorithm plugin

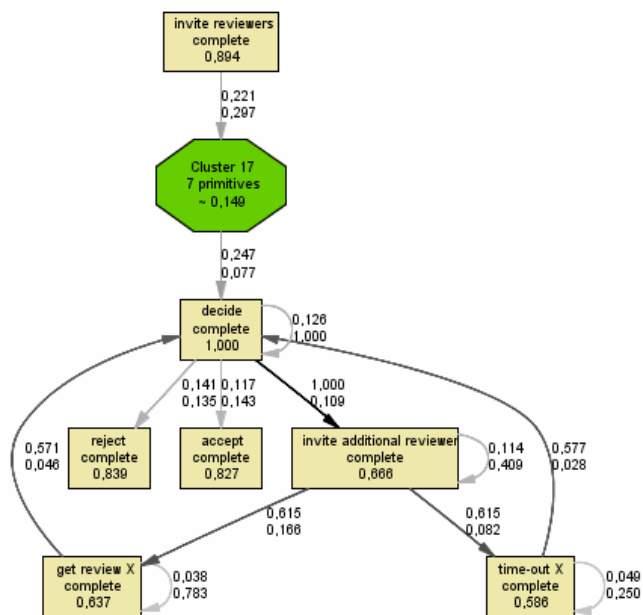
Results - Settings for mining Filtered lorenz1.mxml using Alpha++ algorithm plugin

Conversion - Petriify

about 30 mining plug-ins!

Results - Settings for mining Filtered reviewing_with_fewer_errors_and_more_data.mxml using Fuzzy Miner

Graph Unary metrics Binary metrics



Zoom: 112 %

► Concurrency filter

► Edge filter

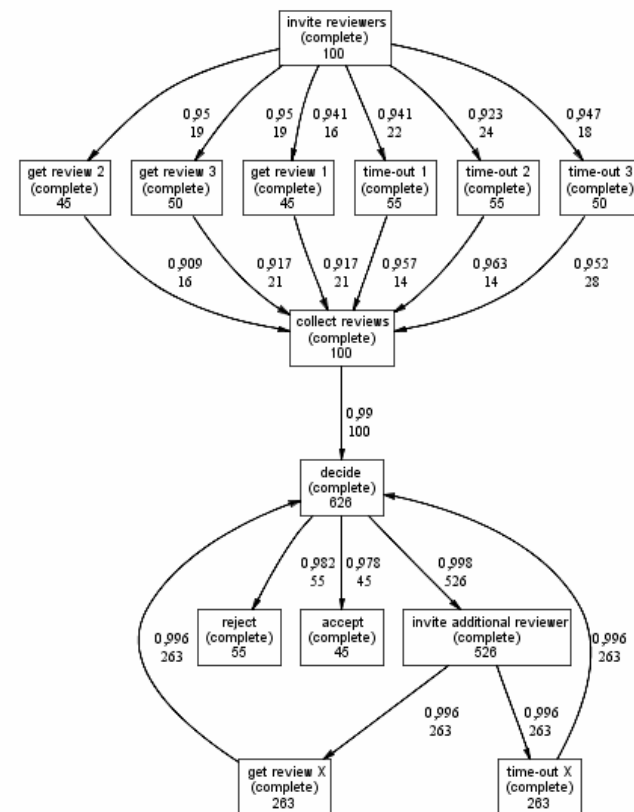
▼ Node filter

Significance cutoff

0,586

ProM

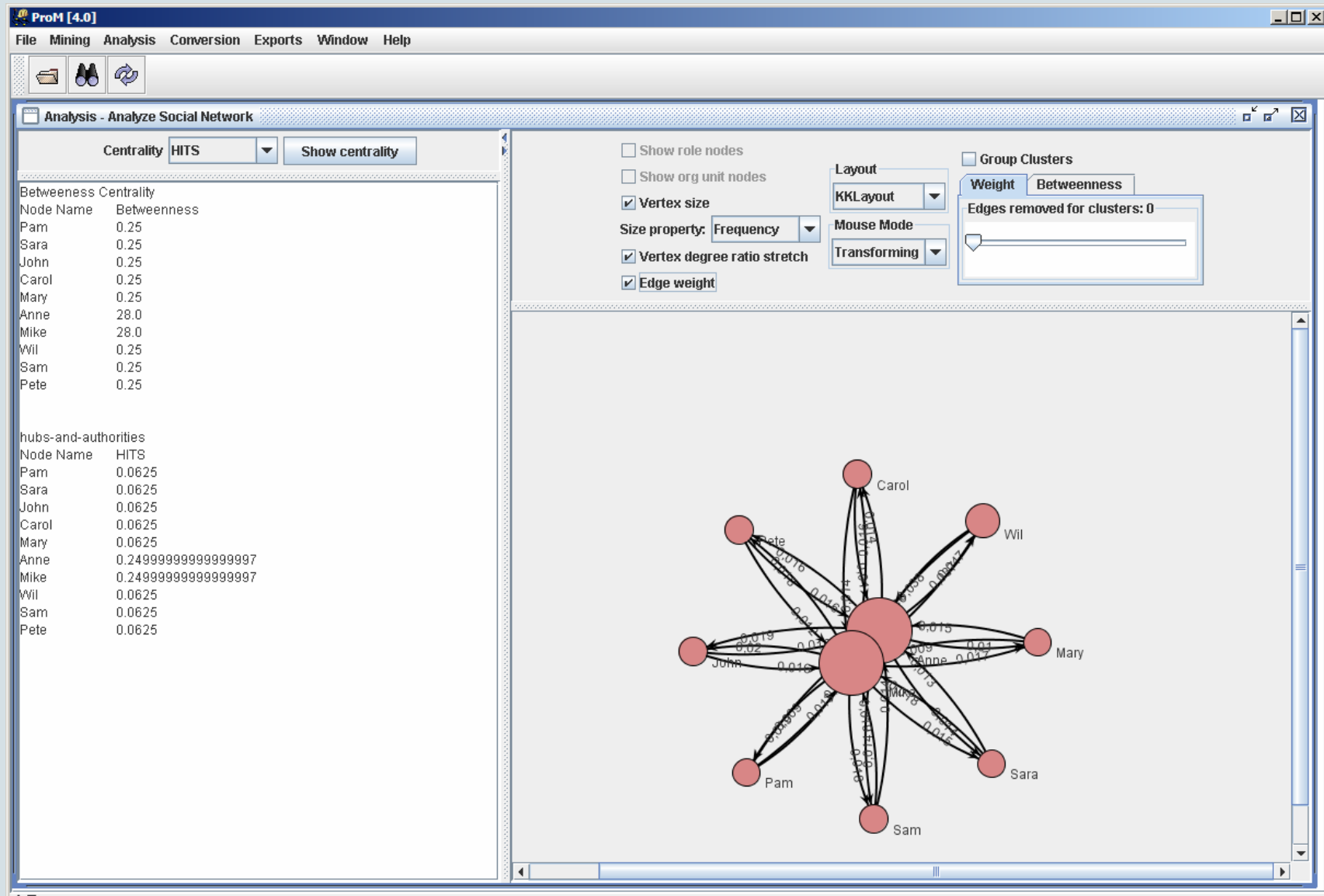
Results - Settings for mining Filtered reviewing_with_fewer_errors_and_more_data.mxml using Cloud chamber miner



Ju...

0.00 %

Social network analysis



Decision point analysis

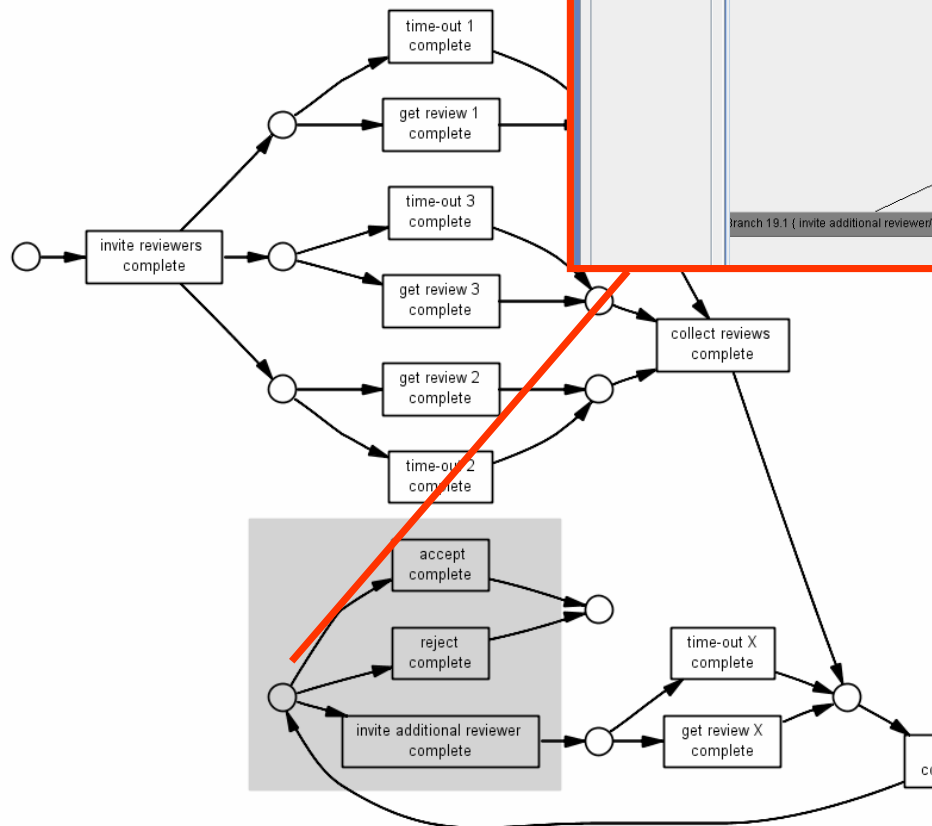
ProM [4.1]

File Mining Analysis Conversion Exports Window Help



Analysis - Decision Point Analysis

Decision points
Choice 16 "p0"
Choice 17 "p1"
Choice 18 "p2"
Choice 19 "p7"
Choice 20 "p8"



Update results

Highlight decision class none

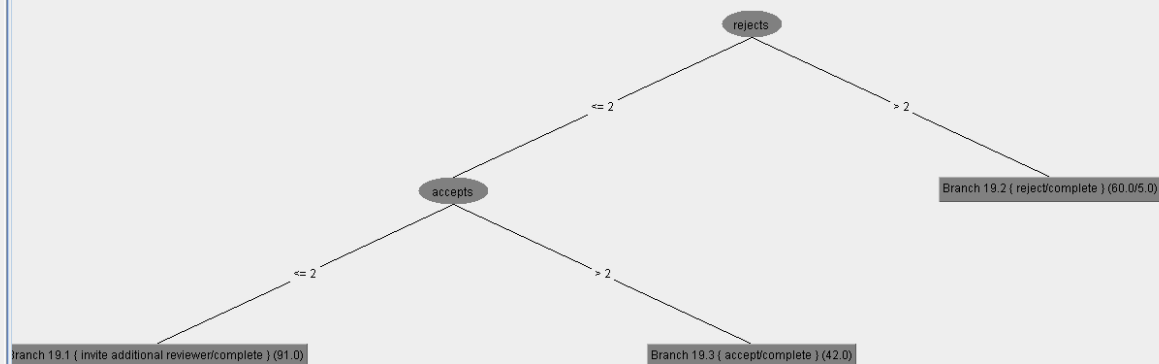
☐ Show attribute selection scopeProM [4.1]
File Mining Analysis Conversion Exports Window Help

Analysis - Decision Point Analysis

Decision points
Choice 16 "p0"
Choice 17 "p1"
Choice 18 "p2"
Choice 19 "p7"
Choice 20 "p8"

Model Attributes Log Algorithm Decision Tree / Rules Evaluation Result

Tree View



Model Attributes Log Algorithm Decision Tree / Rules Evaluation Result

Correctly Classified Instances	188	97.4093 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	5	2.5907 %
Kappa statistic	0.9591	
Mean absolute error	0.0324	
Root mean squared error	0.1272	
Relative absolute error	7.6699 %	
Root relative squared error	27.7059 %	
Total Number of Instances	193	

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

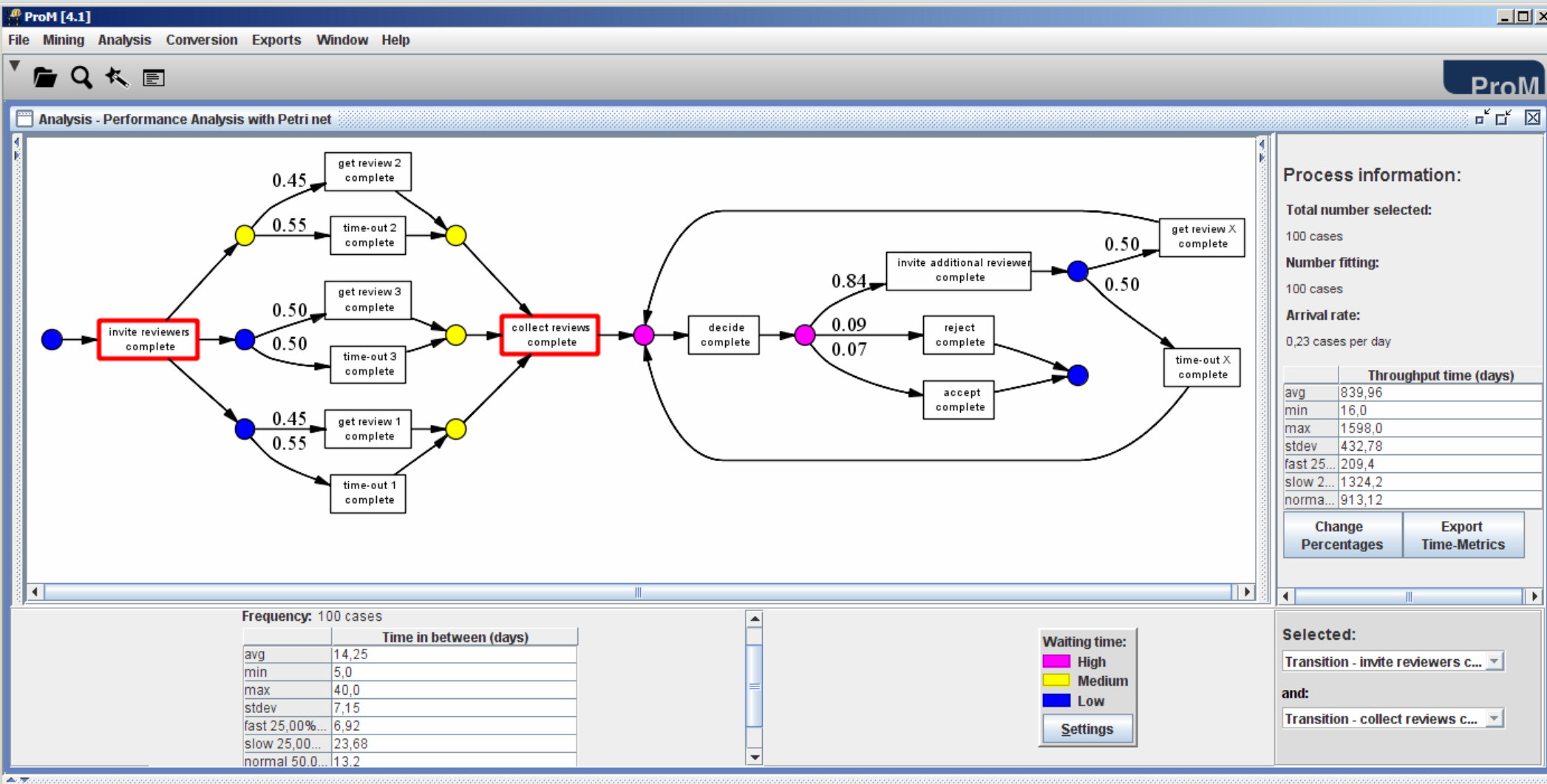
TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	Class
0.978	0	1	0.978	0.989	Branch 19.1 { invite additional reviewer/complete }
1	0.036	0.917	1	0.957	Branch 19.2 { reject/complete }
0.933	0	1	0.933	0.966	Branch 19.3 { accept/complete }

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```
a b c <-- classified as
91 2 0 | a = Branch 19.1 { invite additional reviewer/complete }
0 55 0 | b = Branch 19.2 { reject/complete }
0 3 42 | c = Branch 19.3 { accept/complete }
```

Zoom: 168 %

Performance analysis



Discovering patterns

ProM [4.0]

File Mining Analysis Conversion Exports Window Help



ProM [4.0]

File Mining Analysis Conversion Exports Window Help



Analysis - Performance Sequence Diagram Analysis

Options

Component type:

Task ID

Time sort:

seconds

Pattern type:

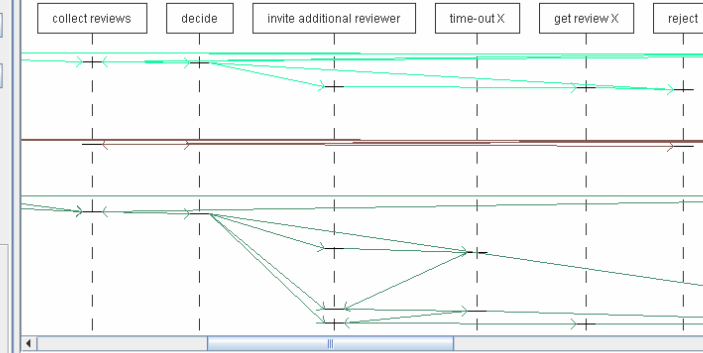
☒ Flexible equivalent☐ Strict equivalent

Show diagram

Filter options

Full diagram

Pattern diagram



Pattern 0:

Frequency: 3

	Throughput time
avg	9590400,0
min	7862400,0
max	11404800,0
stdev	1772779,78328

Pattern 1:

Frequency: 2

	Throughput time
avg	1987200,0
min	864000,0
max	3110400,0
stdev	1588444,67326

Pattern 2:

Frequency: 2

	Throughput time
avg	1987200,0
min	864000,0
max	3110400,0
stdev	1588444,67326

Analysis - Dotted Chart Analysis

Options

Component type:

Task ID

Time option:

Actual

Relative Time option:

Instance ID

Time sort (chart):

months

Color By:

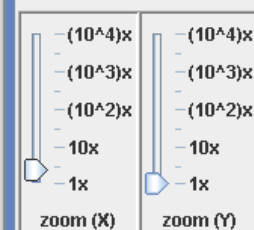
Task ID

Shape By:

None

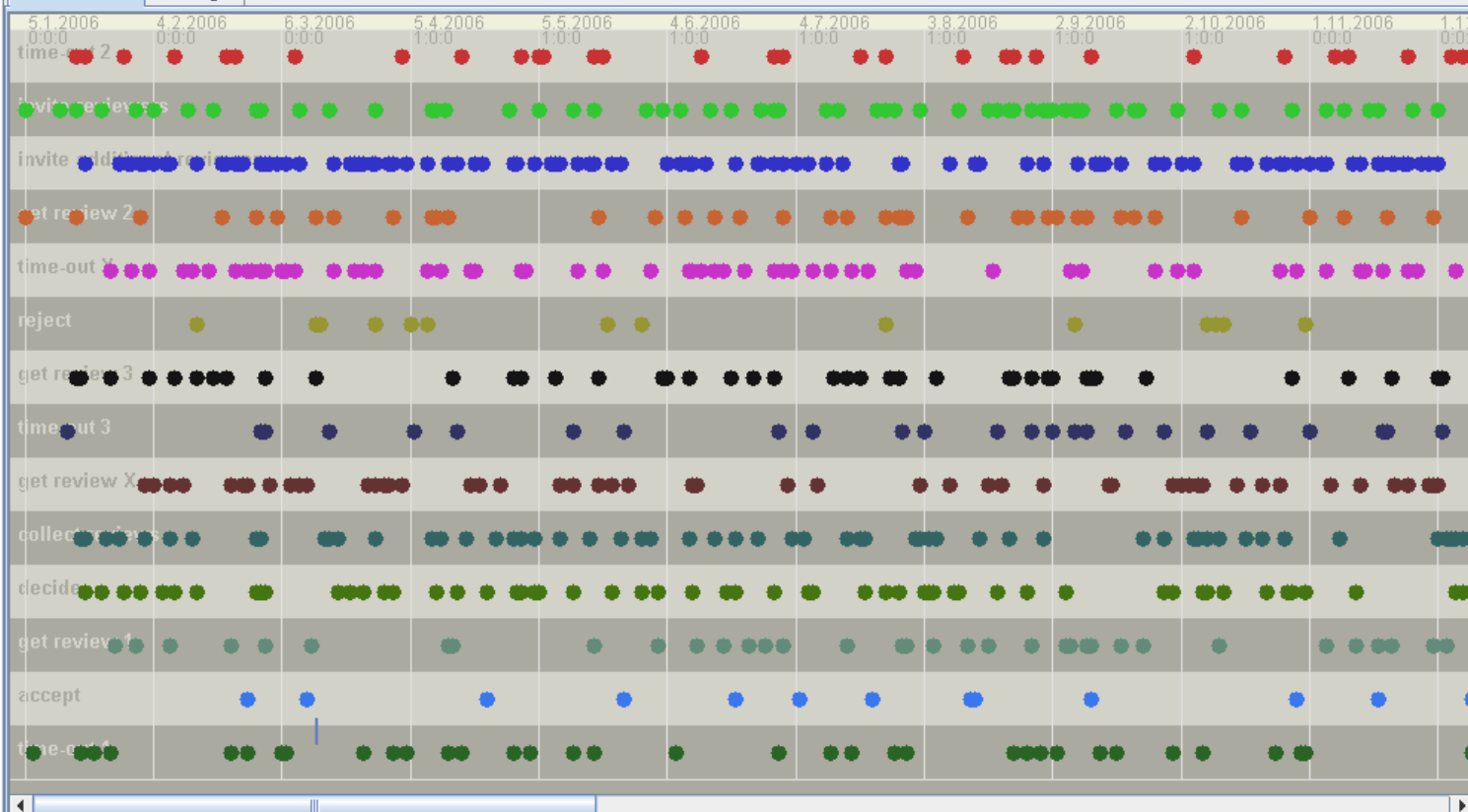
Time sort (metrics):

seconds



Dotted Chart

Settings



Component Overall:

of components: 14

items	values
time(first)	5-1-06 0:00
time(end)	5-5-08 1:00
avg spread	50173714,28571
min spread	37497600,0
max spread	72144000,0

Component time-out 2:

of dots: 44

items	values
time(first)	17-1-06 0:00
time(end)	10-4-07 1:00
avg. interval	900167,44186
min interval	0,0
max interval	2419200,0

Component invite reviewers:

of dots: 100

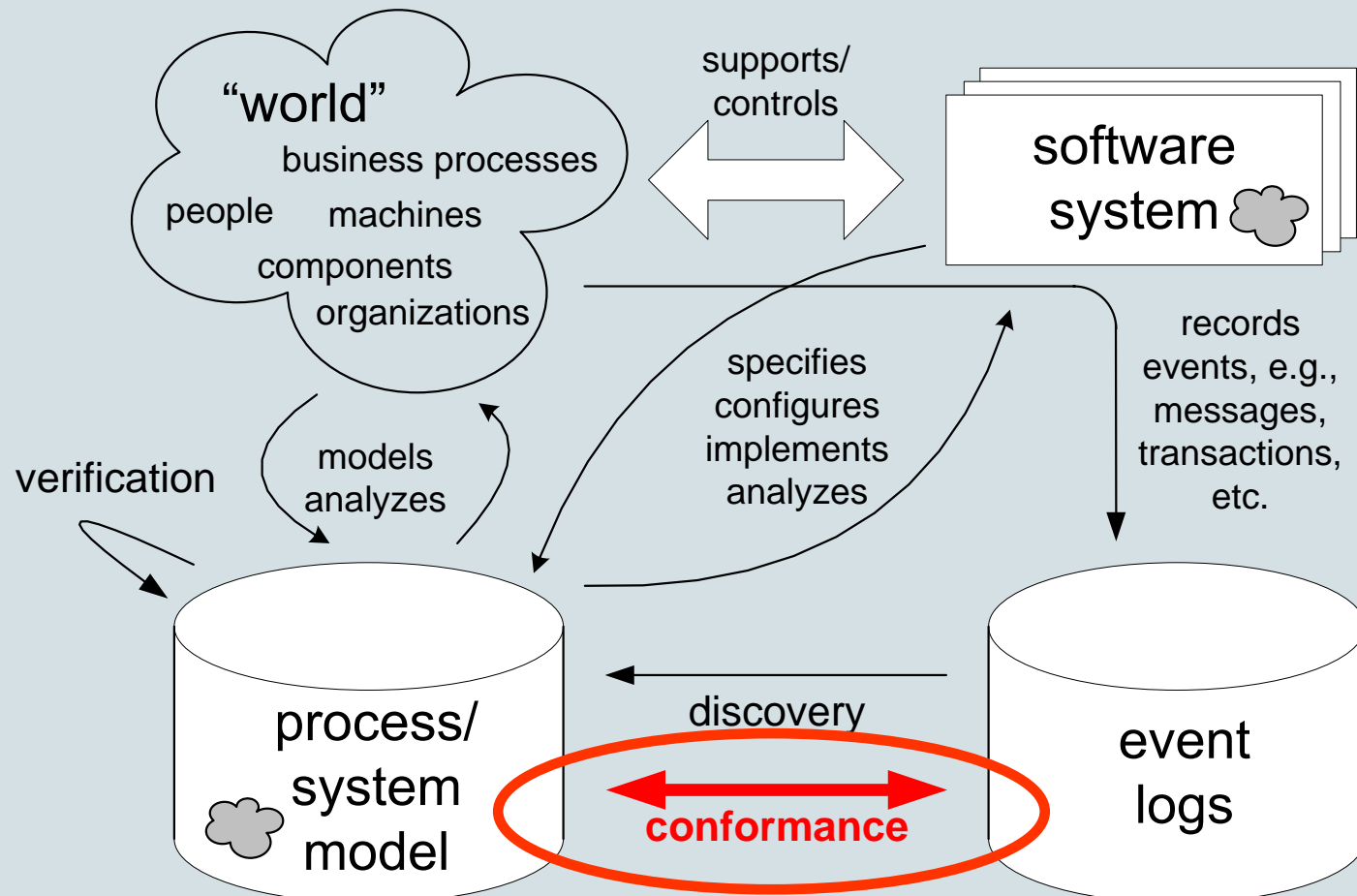
items	values
time(first)	5-1-06 0:00
time(end)	8-4-07 1:00
avg. interval	399709,09091
min interval	0,0
max interval	1468800,0

Component invite additional reviewer:

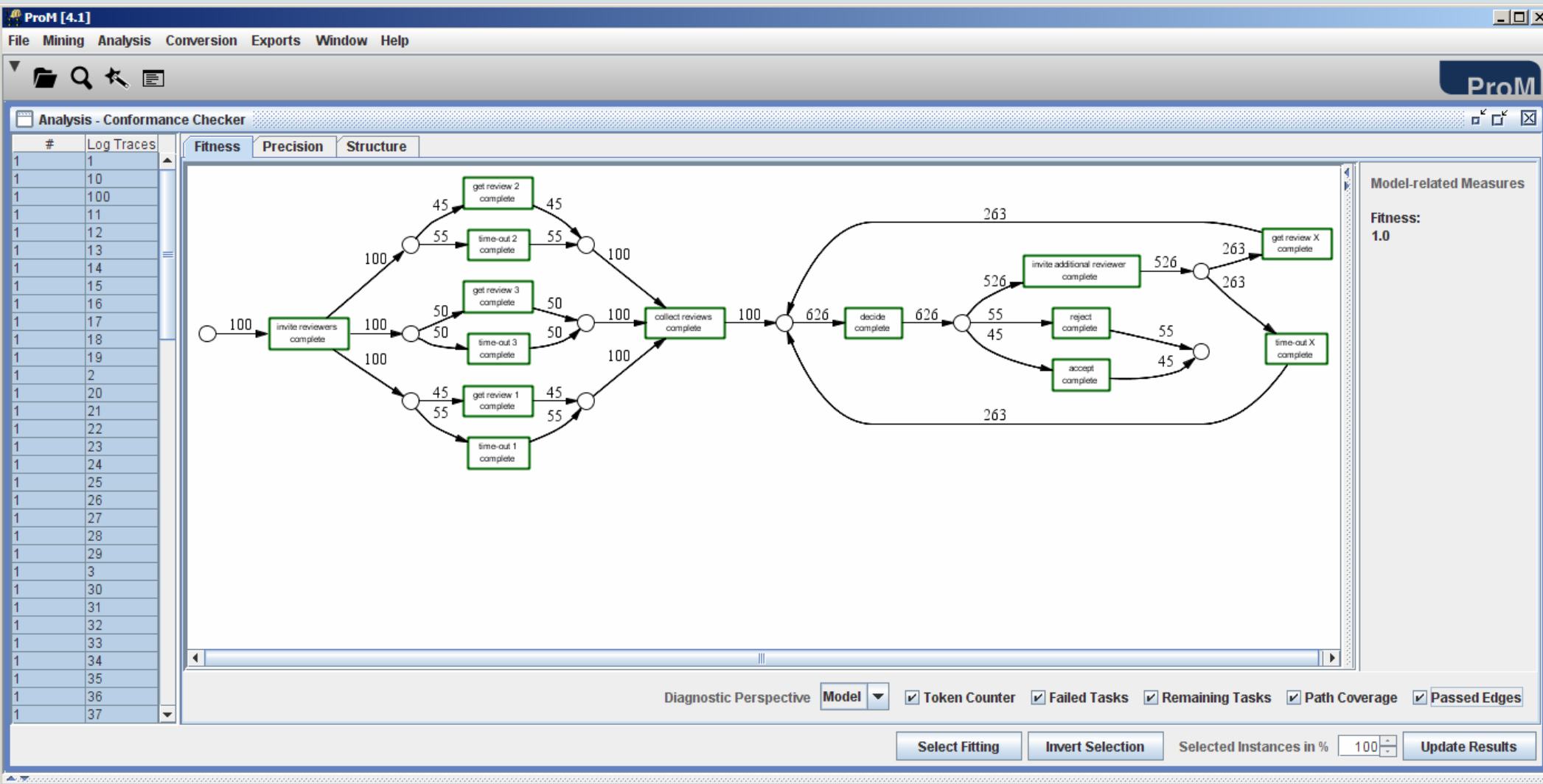
of dots: 399

items	values
time(first)	19-1-06 0:00
time(end)	3-5-08 1:00
avg. interval	181266,33166
min interval	0,0
max interval	181266,33166

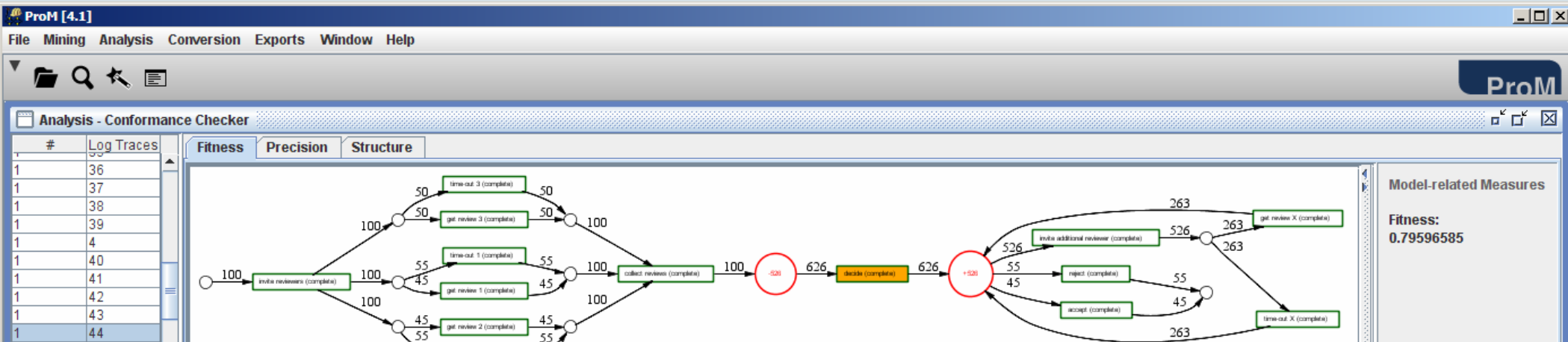
Conformance Checking



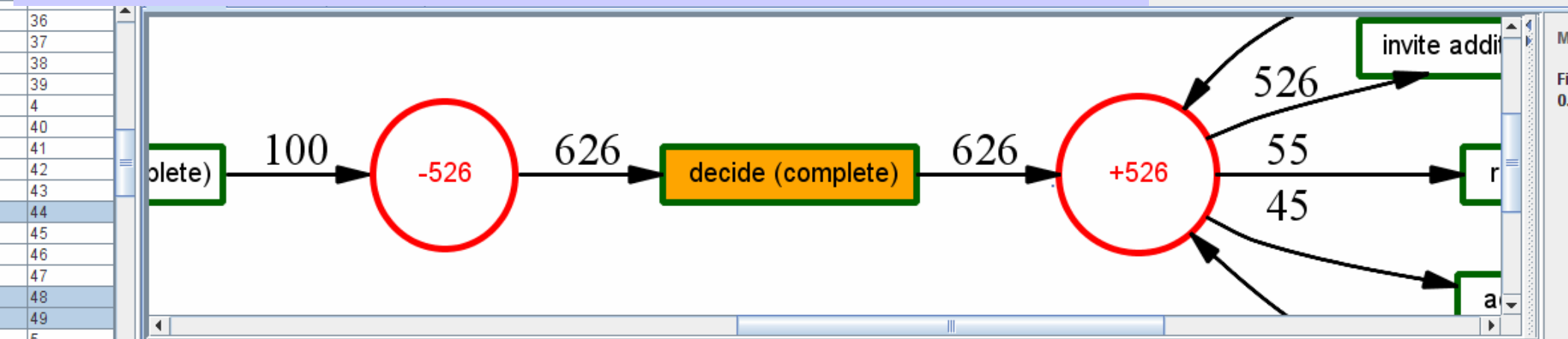
Comparing the discovered model with the log (f=1)



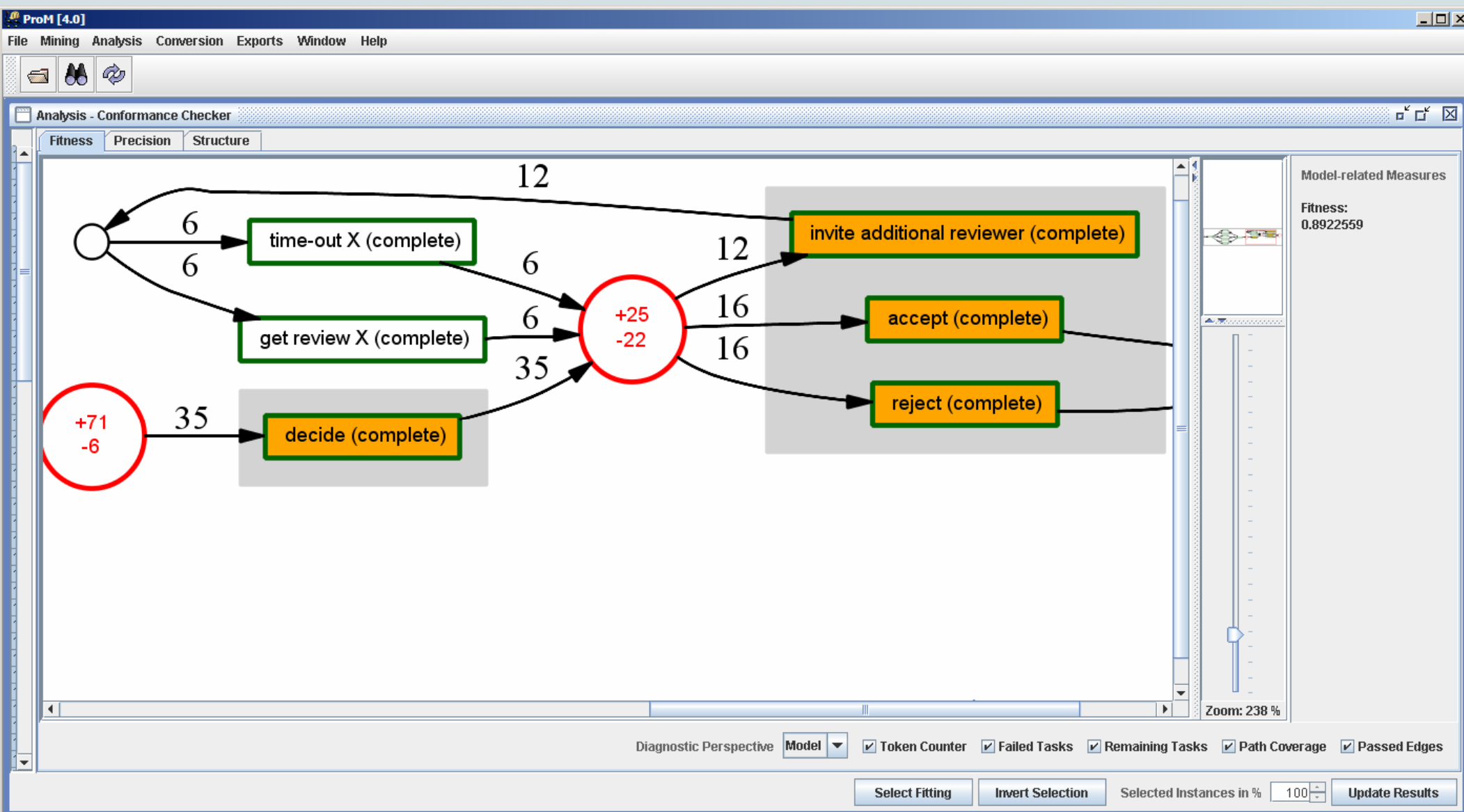
Different process model, same log (f=0.796)



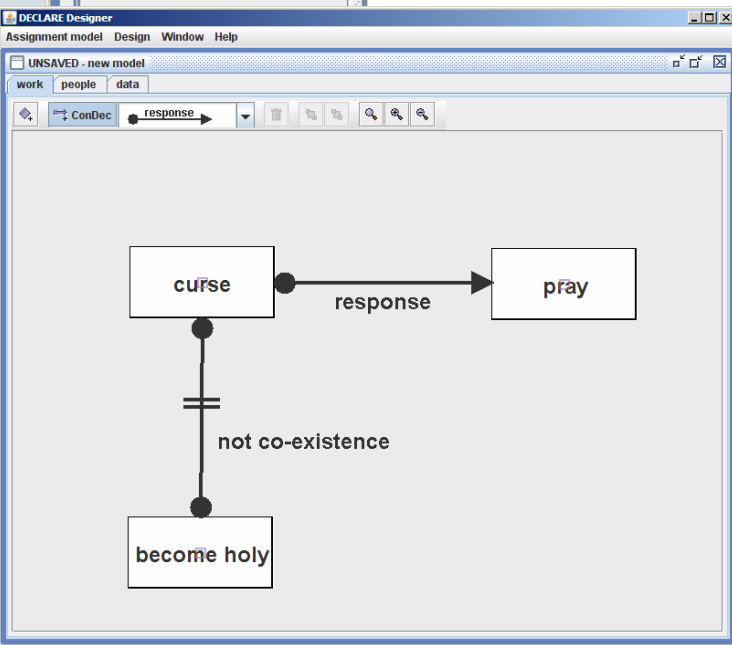
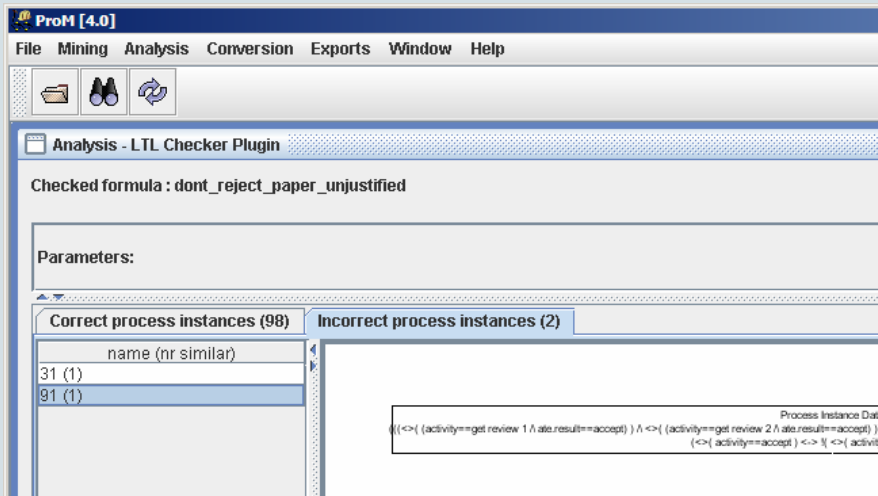
Decision cannot repeated according to model but can be repeated in reality!



Adding deviations to the log (f=0.89)



LTL checker plug-in



Demo?

TU/e

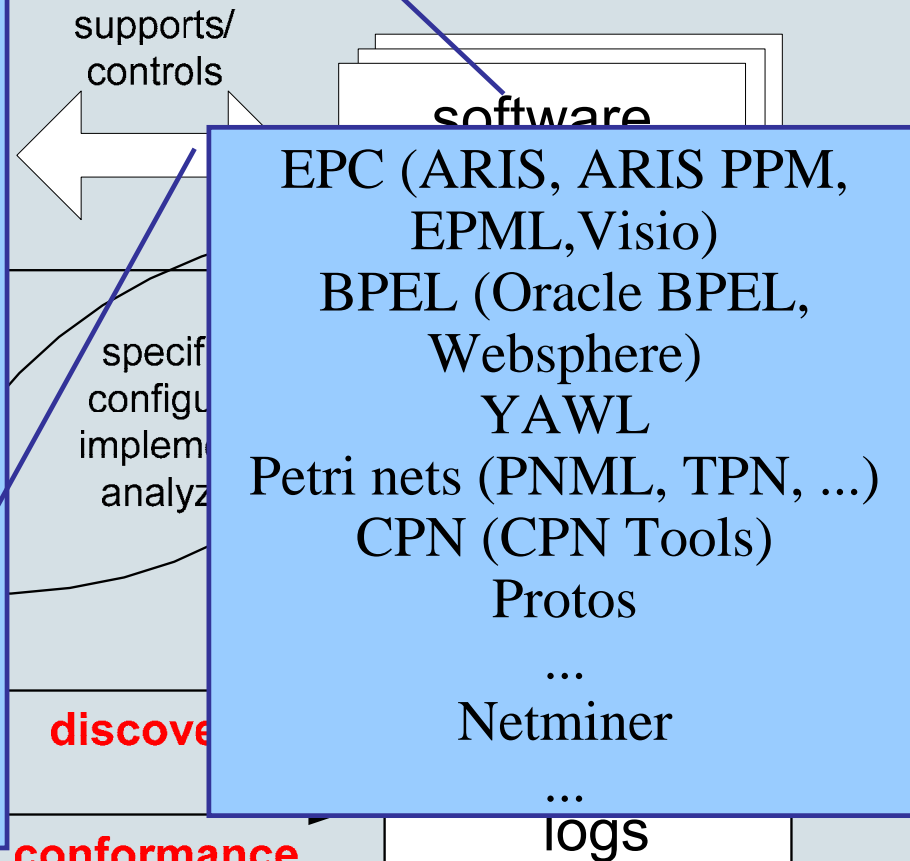
Goal of

complete support

Staffware
FLOWer
Websphere
YAWL
ADEPT
ARIS PPM/SIM

Outlook
Caramba
SAP
peopleSoft
nConcert
MQSeries
CPN Tools
CVS
Oracle BPEL
UML SD
company specific systems

CJIB
UWV
Rijkswaterstaat
ASML
AMC hospital
Catharina hospital
Eindhoven
Heusden
ING Bank
Philips medical systems
...





**REALITY
CHECK
AHEAD**

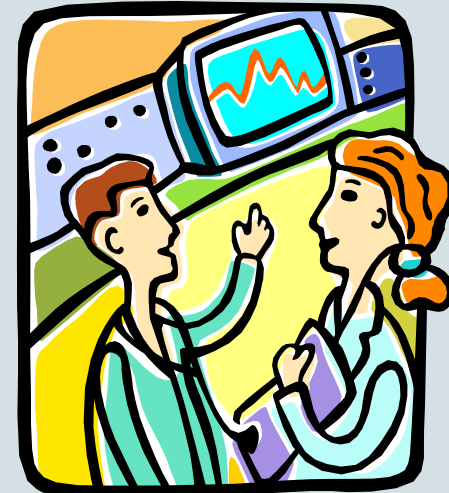


Reality Check

- Process mining on structured/administrative workflow-like logs is relatively easy.
- However, let us look at two **extreme** logs:
 - A log from a hospital with information on treatments, complications, and diagnoses.
 - A log from a manufacturer of high-tech system with information on system tests.

First example: Hospital data

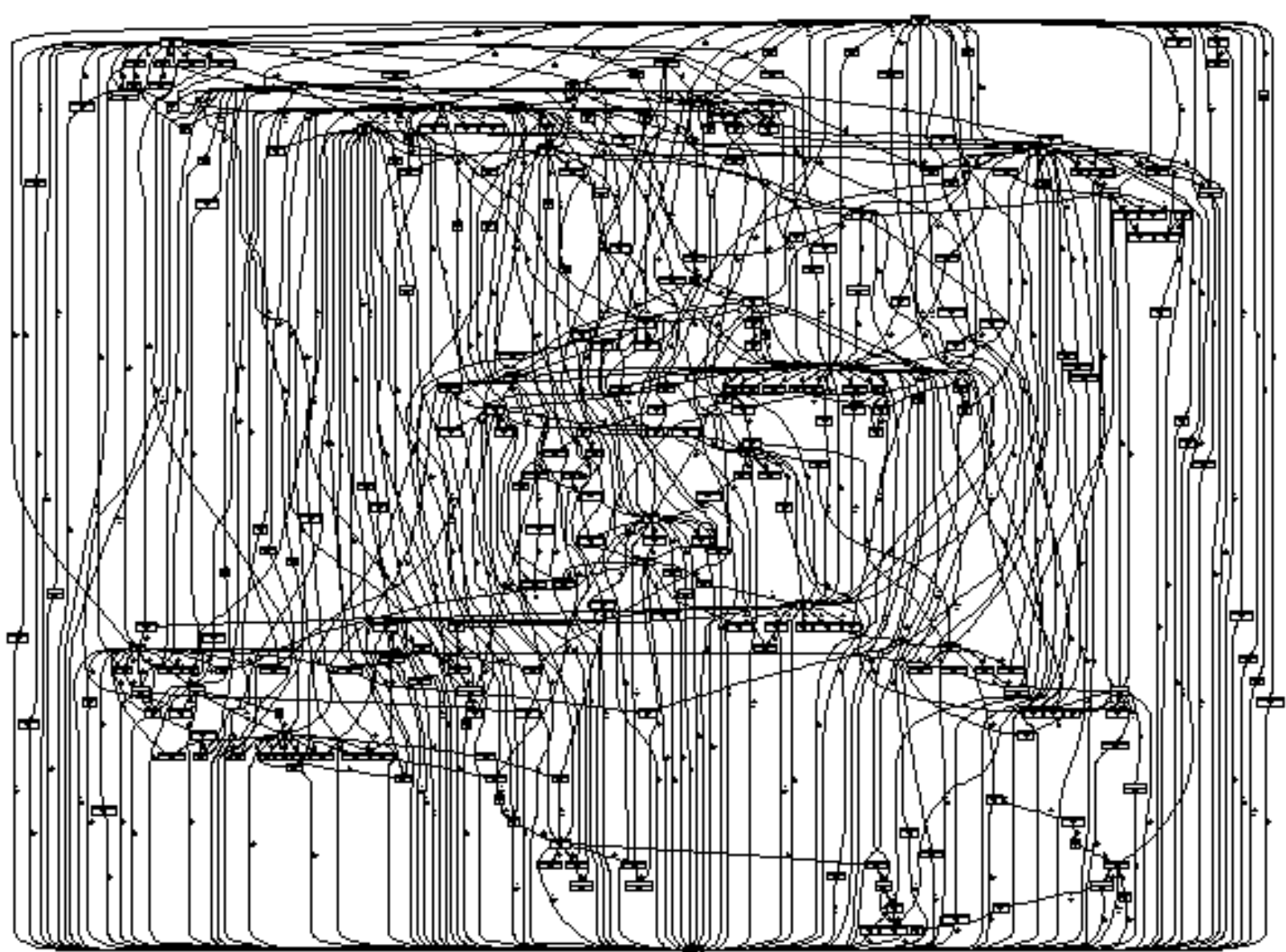
- Information on treatment, complication, and diagnosis events.
- Data:
 - 2712 cases (all unique)
 - 29258 events
 - +/- 10.8 events per case
 - 264 different events (activities)

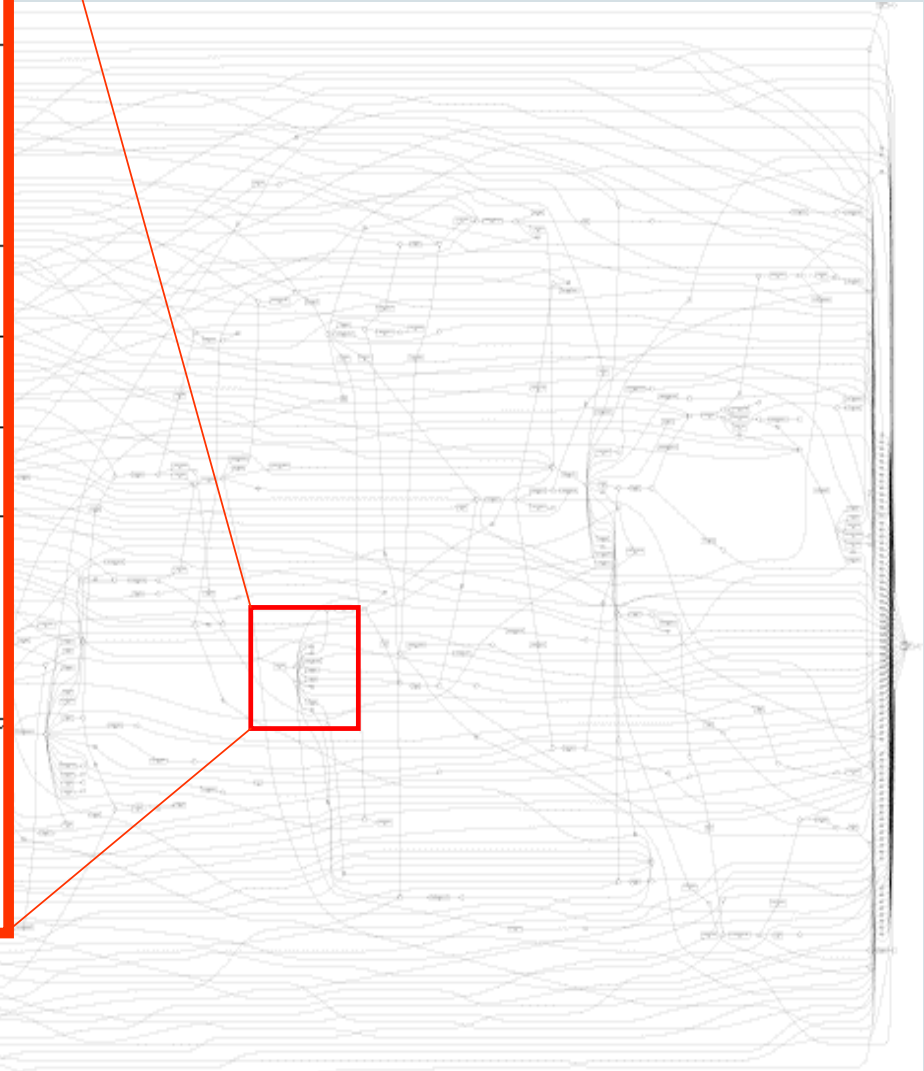
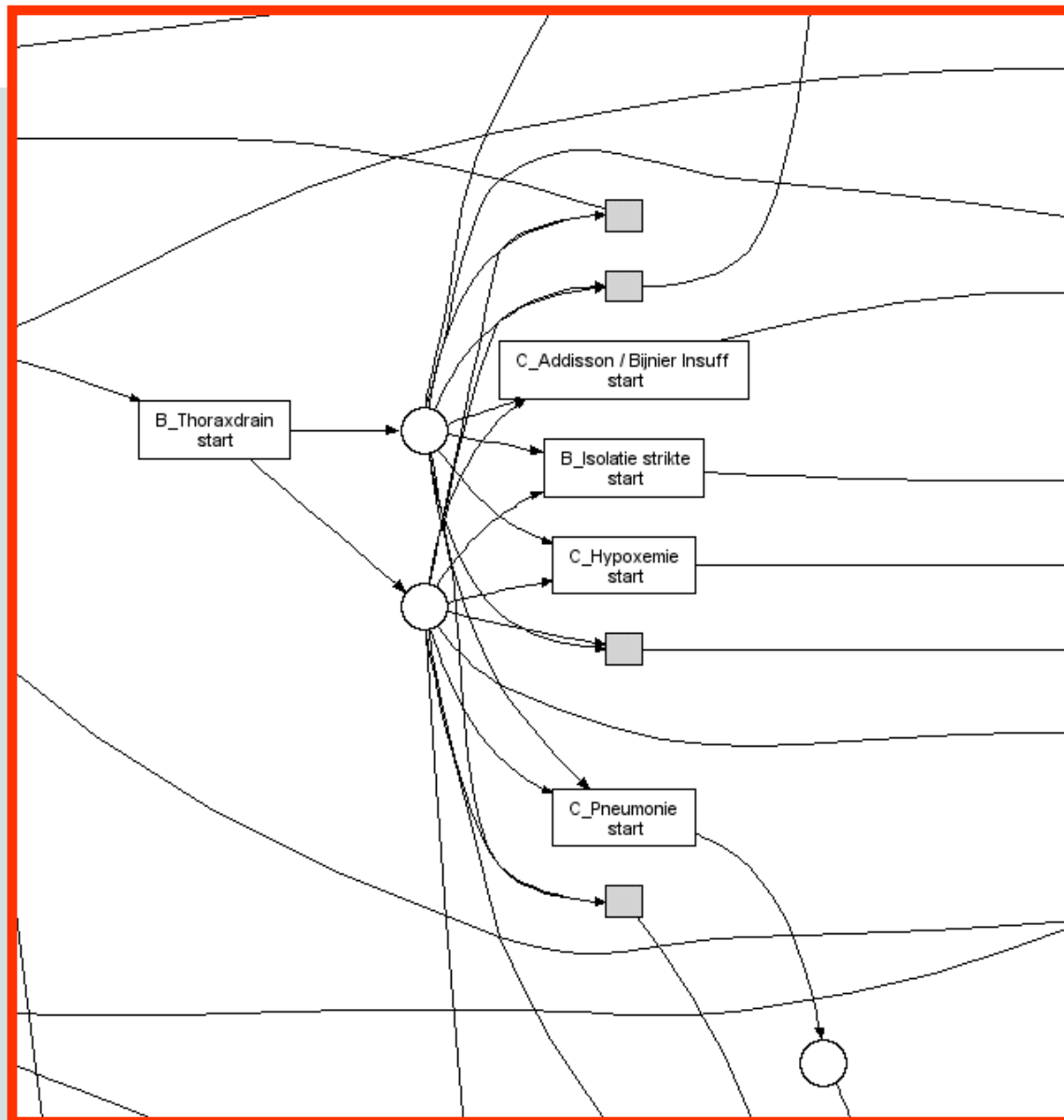


Frequency of activities

Model element	Event type	Occurrences (absolute)	Occurrences (relative)
B_Perifeer infuus	start	2837	9,696%
B_Maagsonde	start	2430	8,305%
B_Beademing	start	2187	7,475%
B_Catheter a Nieuwe	start	2096	7,164%
B_Basiszorg	start	2010	6,87%
B_Arterie lijn op OK	start	2002	6,843%
B_O2 masker/slang	start	1954	6,679%
B_Thoraxdrain	start	1863	6,367%

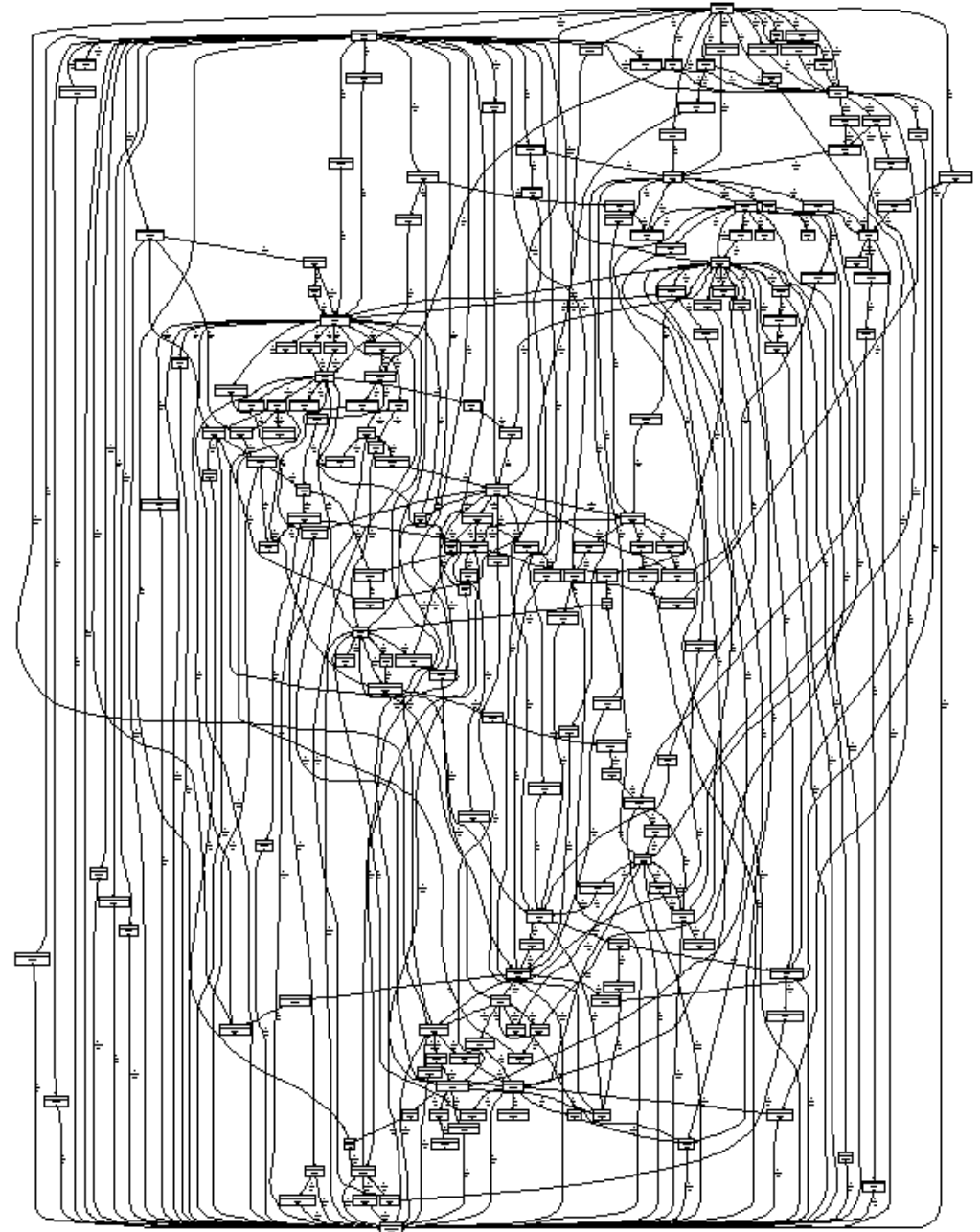
C_N Phrenicus Paralyse	start	1	0,003%
C_TIA	start	1	0,003%
B_Horizontaal	start	1	0,003%
C_Cholecystitis, acalc	start	1	0,003%
C_Decubitus hak st. 3a	start	1	0,003%
C_Druk necrose elders	start	1	0,003%
B_Decubitus zorg stadium 3b	start	1	0,003%
C_Haemolyse	start	1	0,003%
B_Decubitus zorg stadium 4b	start	1	0,003%
B_Isolatie Beschermend	start	1	0,003%
B_Donor Weefsel	start	1	0,003%
C_Polyurie (>40ml/kg/24u)	start	1	0,003%
C_Decubitus overig st. 3a	start	1	0,003%
C_Intra-peritoneaal Abces	start	1	0,003%





Selection: Care after hart surgery

- Data
 - 874 cases (all unique)
 - 10478 events
 - 181 different events (activities)

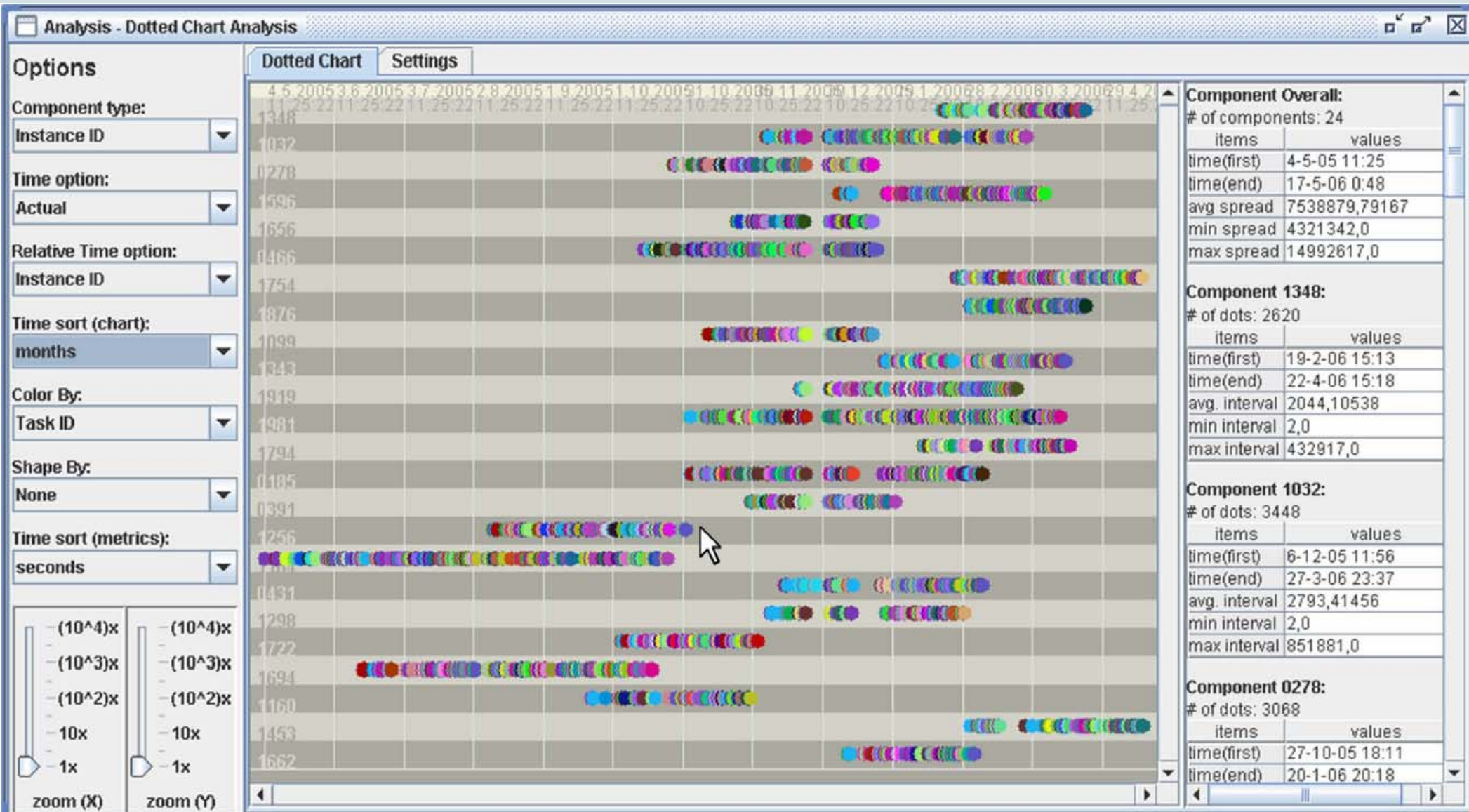


Second example: Test data from high-tech system manufacturer

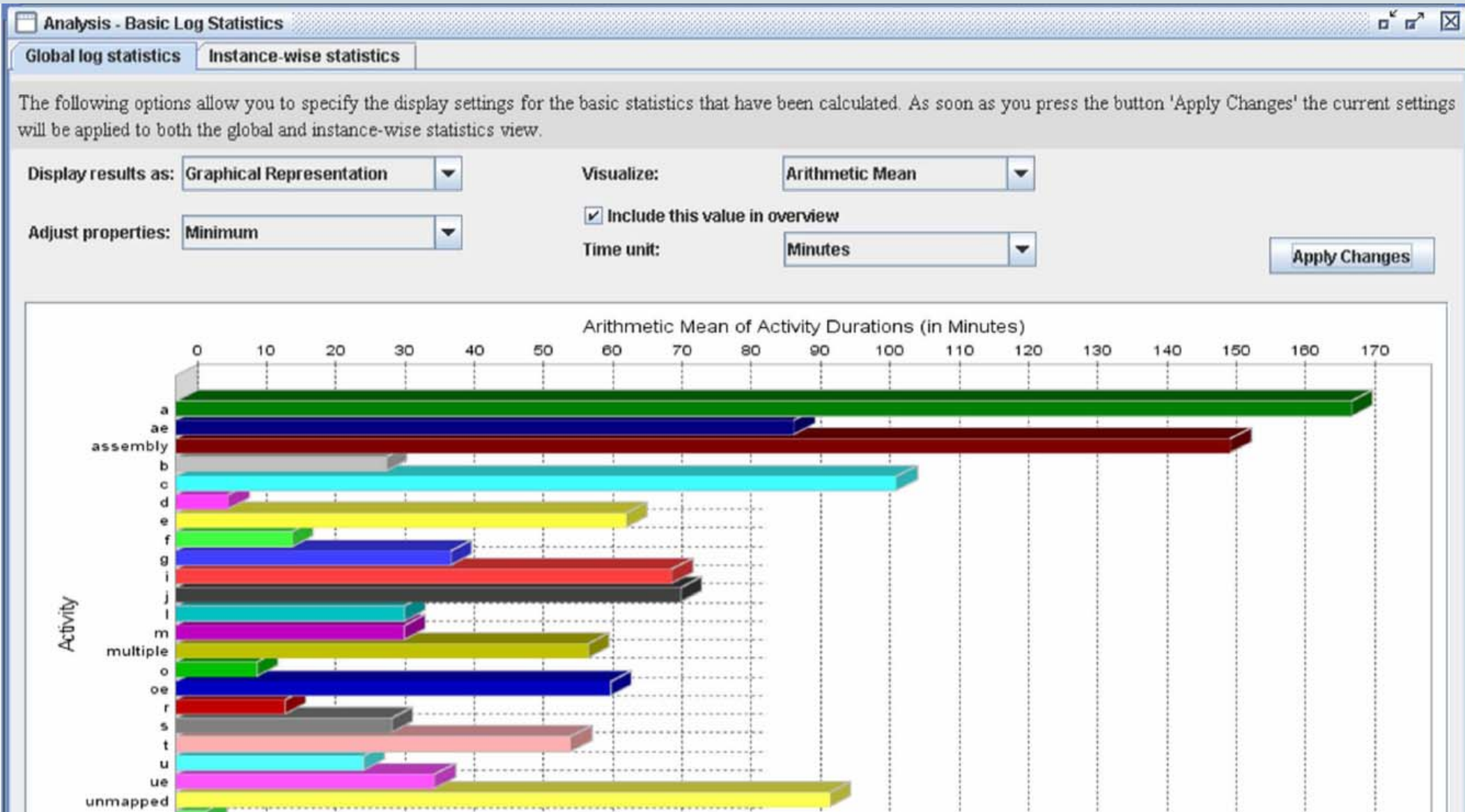
- Information on testing process of high-tech systems.
- Data:
 - 24 comparable cases
 - 154966 events
 - +/- 6450 events per case
 - between 2820 and 16250 events per machine
 - 720 different events (start/complete activities)



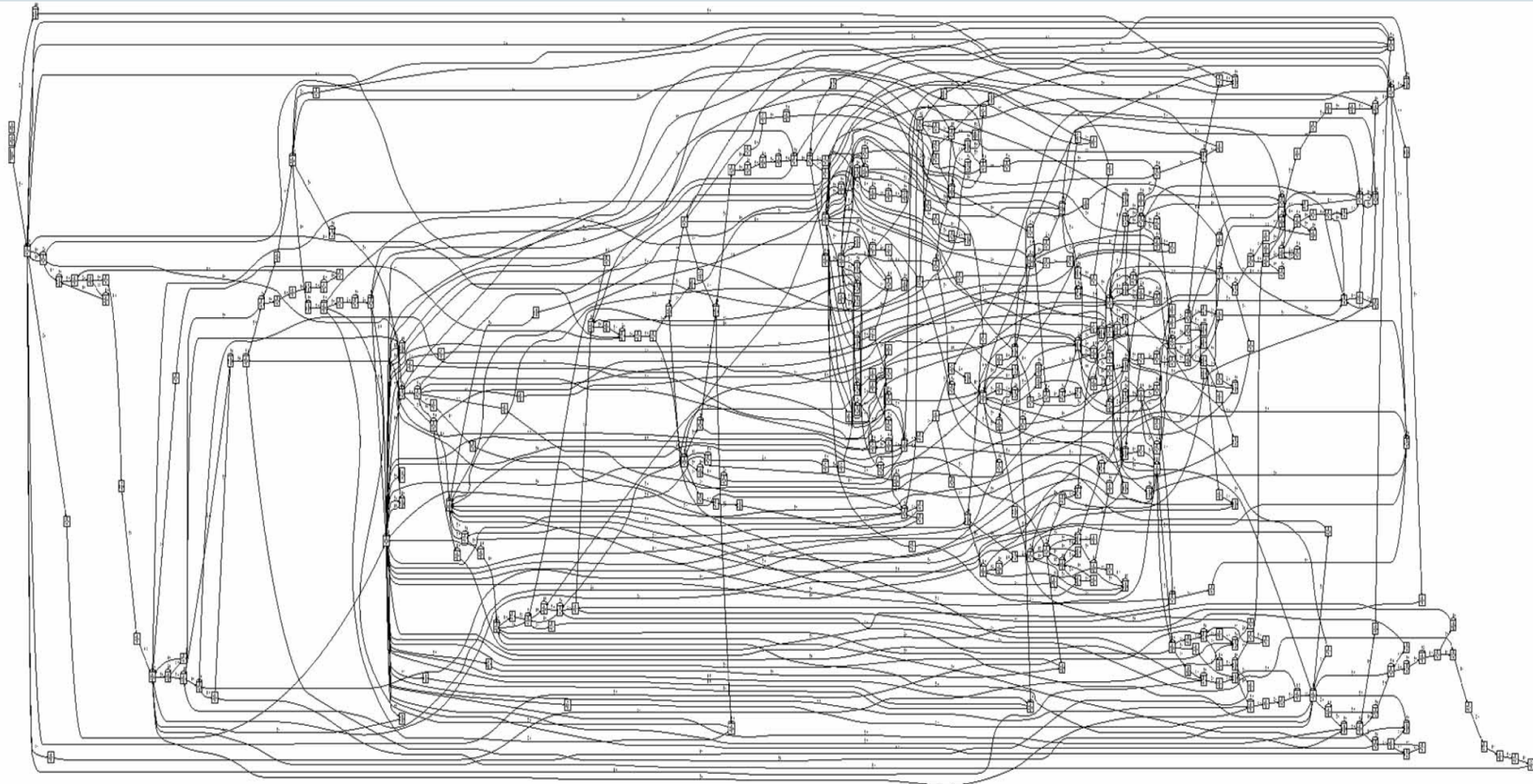
Helicopter view

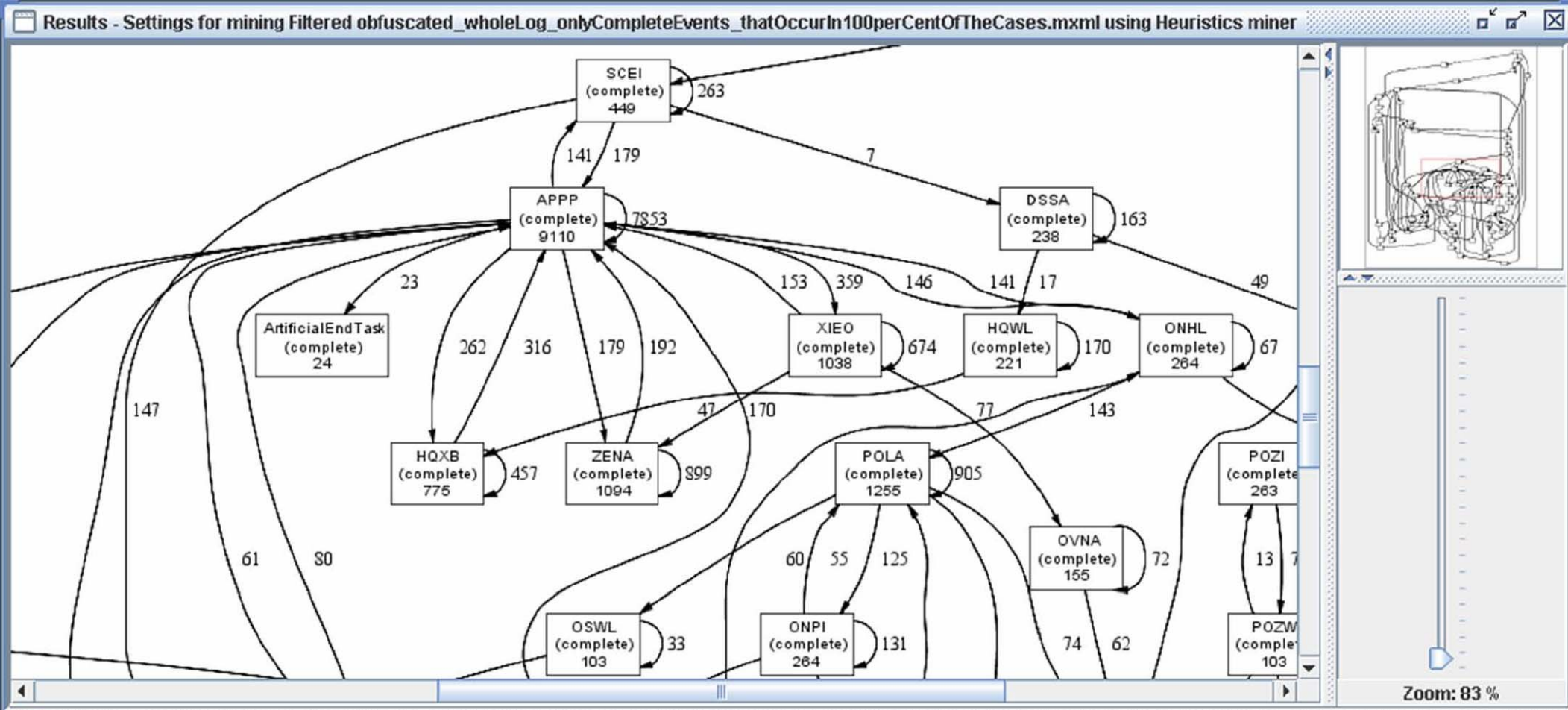


Average time spent in job-steps (aggregated events)



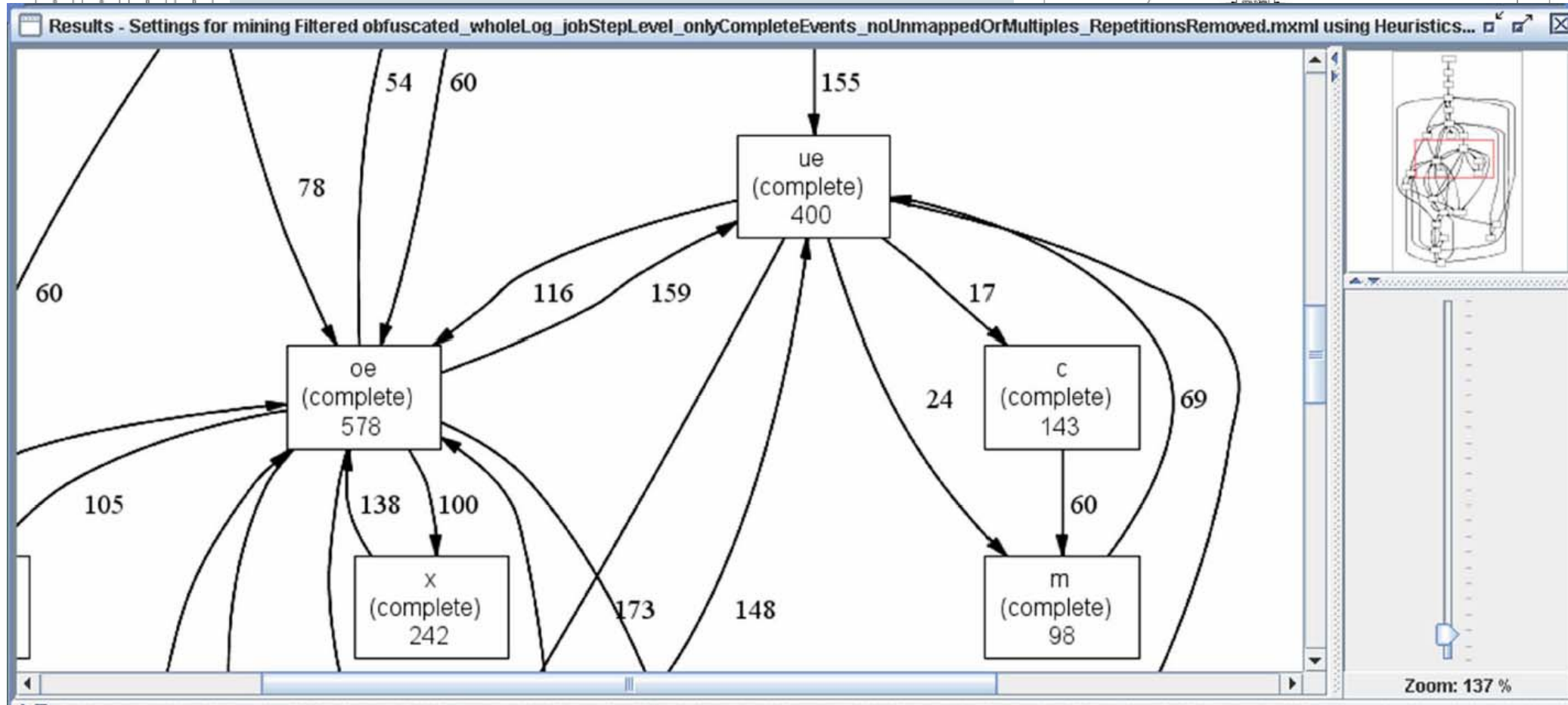
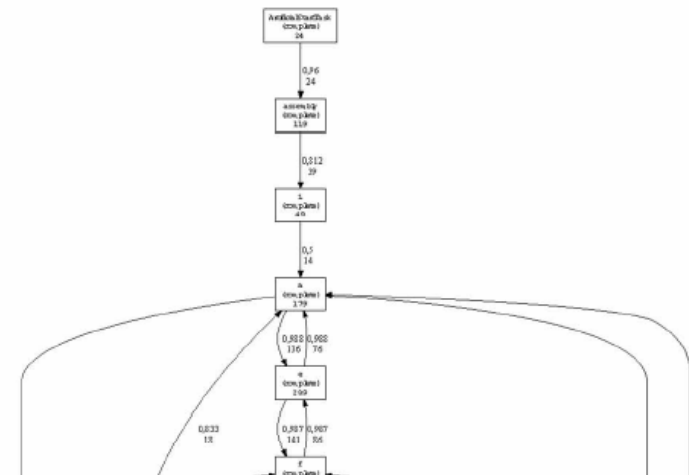
Mining just the complete events (# 360)...



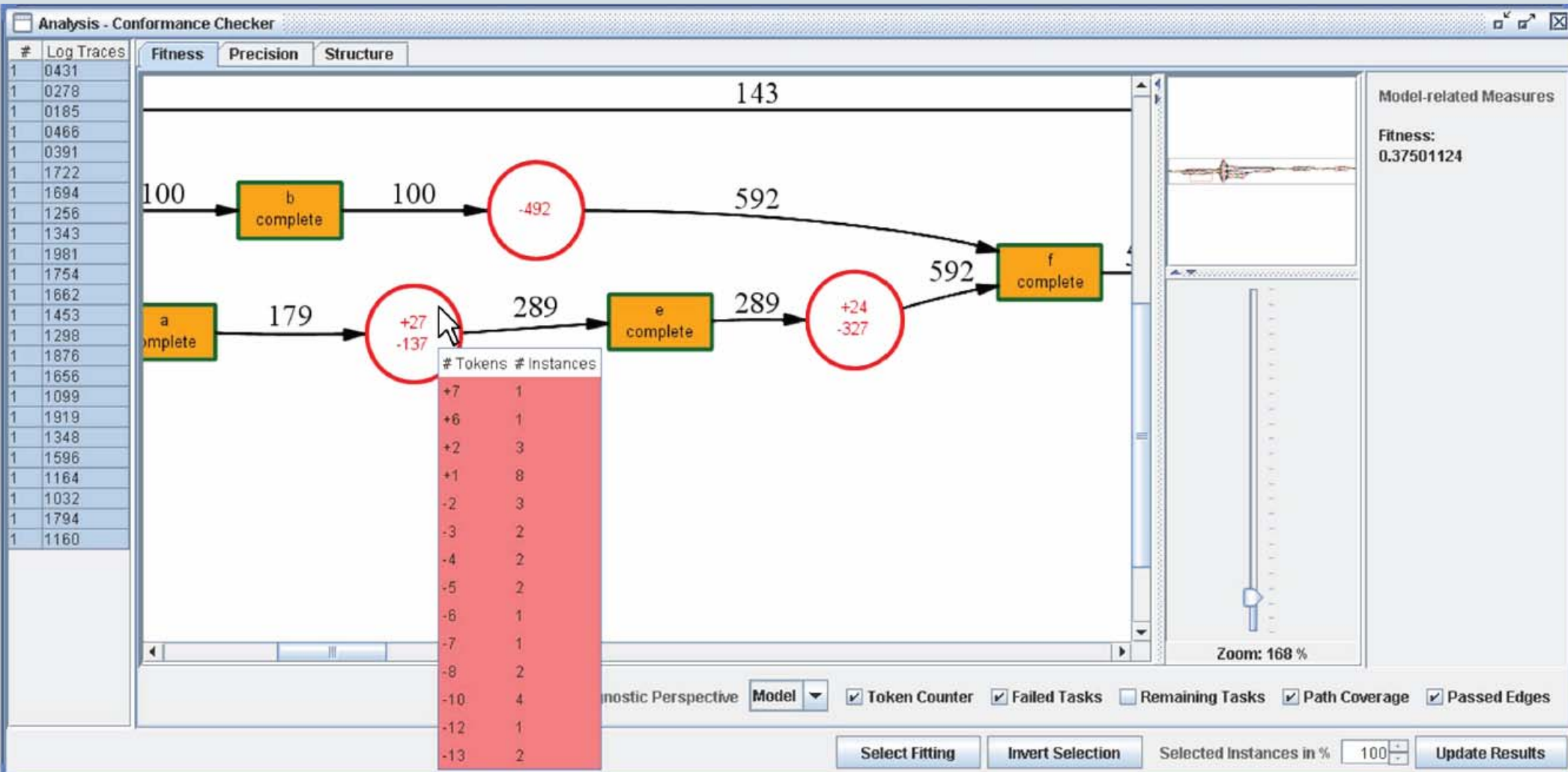
[illegible]

```

graph TD
    A["16-point FFT"] --> B["8-point FFT"]
    A --> C["8-point FFT"]
    B --> D["4-point FFT"]
    B --> E["4-point FFT"]
    C --> F["4-point FFT"]
    C --> G["4-point FFT"]
    D --> H["2-point FFT"]
    D --> I["2-point FFT"]
    E --> J["2-point FFT"]
    E --> K["2-point FFT"]
    F --> L["2-point FFT"]
    F --> M["2-point FFT"]
    G --> N["2-point FFT"]
    G --> O["2-point FFT"]
    H --> P["1-point FFT"]
    H --> Q["1-point FFT"]
    I --> R["1-point FFT"]
    I --> S["1-point FFT"]
    J --> T["1-point FFT"]
    J --> U["1-point FFT"]
    K --> V["1-point FFT"]
    K --> W["1-point FFT"]
    L --> X["1-point FFT"]
    L --> Y["1-point FFT"]
    M --> Z["1-point FFT"]
    M --> AA["1-point FFT"]
    N --> AB["1-point FFT"]
    N --> AC["1-point FFT"]
    O --> AD["1-point FFT"]
    O --> AE["1-point FFT"]
    P --> AF["16-point vector"]
    Q --> AF
    R --> AG["16-point vector"]
    S --> AG
    T --> AH["16-point vector"]
    U --> AH
    V --> AI["16-point vector"]
    W --> AI
    X --> AJ["16-point vector"]
    Y --> AJ
    Z --> AK["16-point vector"]
    AA --> AK
    AB --> AL["16-point vector"]
    AC --> AL
    AD --> AM["16-point vector"]
    AE --> AM
    AF --> AN["16-point vector"]
    AG --> AN
    AH --> AO["16-point vector"]
    AI --> AO
    AJ --> AP["16-point vector"]
    AK --> AP
    AL --> AQ["16-point vector"]
    AM --> AQ
    AN --> AR["16-point vector"]
    AO --> AR
    AP --> AS["16-point vector"]
    AQ --> AS
    AR --> AT["16-point vector"]
    AS --> AT
    AT --> AU["16-point vector"]
    
```



Conformance checker (reference model – job steps)



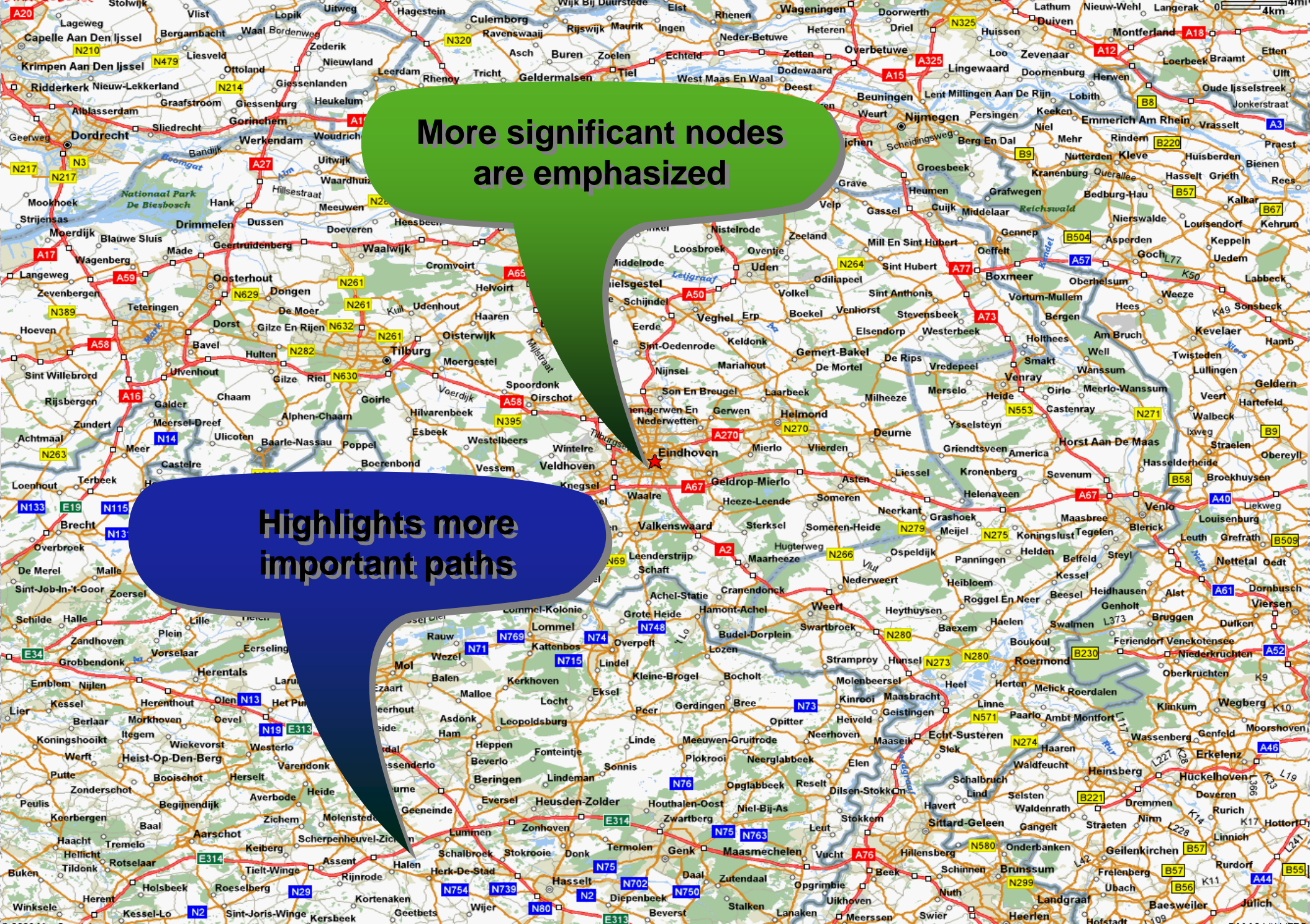
Discovered models fit better than reference model

<i>Machine ID</i>	<i>Fitness with respect to the reference process model</i>	<i>Fitness with respect to the discovered process model</i>
0431	$f = 0.30895045$	$f = 0.75113416$
0278	$f = 0.38491702$	$f = 0.82790506$
0185	$f = 0.37574032$	$f = 0.7171429$
0466	$f = 0.35643995$	$f = 0.74496365$
0391	$f = 0.38410193$	$f = 0.72710335$
1722	$f = 0.33359805$	$f = 0.7599035$
1694	$f = 0.39662793$	$f = 0.7821204$
1256	$f = 0.40988705$	$f = 0.7436544$
1343	$f = 0.3985147$	$f = 0.70074475$
1981	$f = 0.35723096$	$f = 0.6668054$
1754	$f = 0.401513$	$f = 0.77557445$
1662	$f = 0.4138763$	$f = 0.76897943$
1453	$f = 0.40458512$	$f = 0.5956065$
1298	$f = 0.37758428$	$f = 0.42357332$
1876	$f = 0.35556892$	$f = 0.7529762$
1656	$f = 0.36802232$	$f = 0.65629774$
1099	$f = 0.424476$	$f = 0.67167395$
1919	$f = 0.33690846$	$f = 0.72738254$
1348	$f = 0.41031277$	$f = 0.63753587$
1596	$f = 0.41015995$	$f = 0.58138484$
1164	$f = 0.37603533$	$f = 0.67173433$
1032	$f = 0.32361075$	$f = 0.7062931$
1794	$f = 0.39387232$	$f = 0.7337234$
1160	$f = 0.40484217$	$f = 0.7697767$

Research challenge



Mining less structured processes: the more unstructured, the more important it is to know what is going on!



More significant nodes
are emphasized

Highlights more
important paths

More to learn from maps...

Aggregation

Clustering of coherent, less significant structures

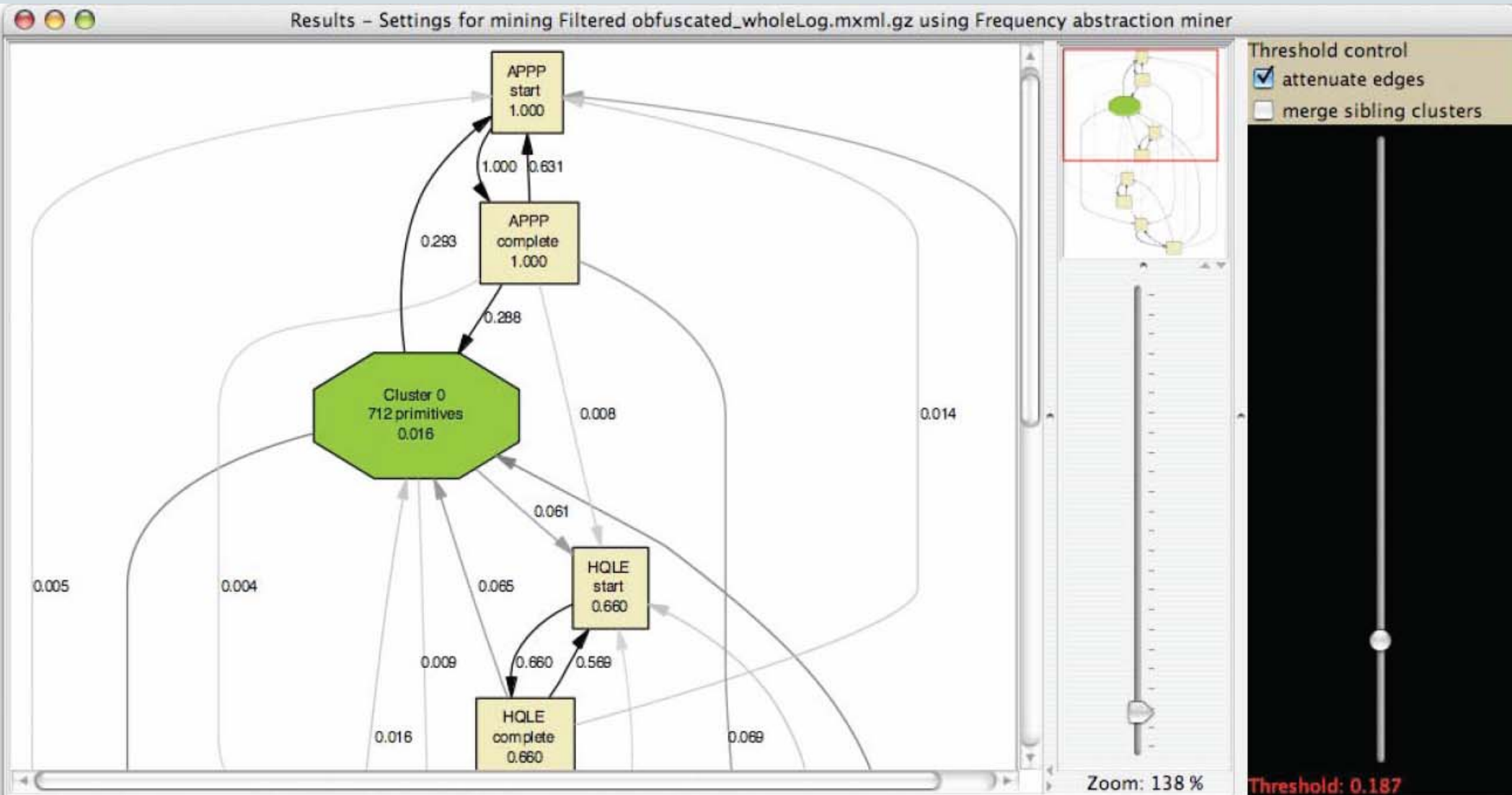


Abstraction

Removing isolated, less significant structures

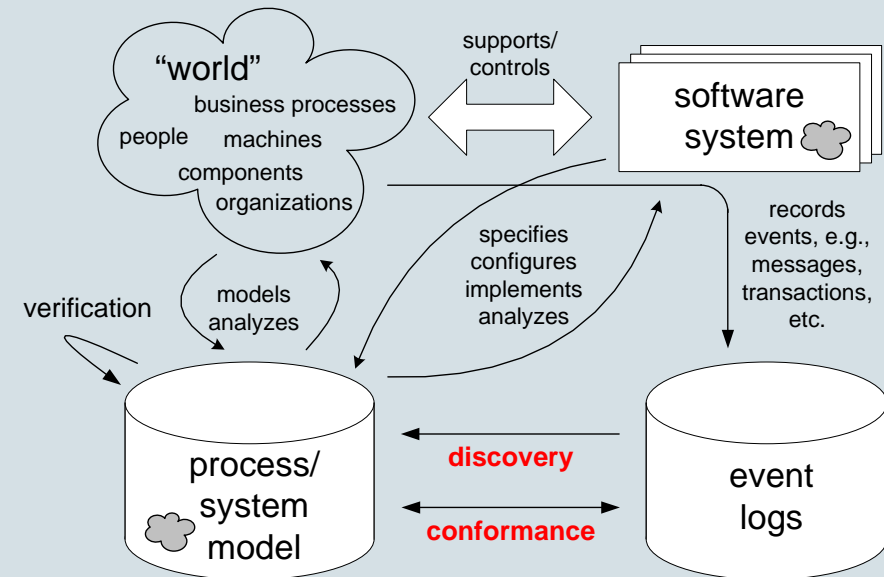


ProM's Frequency abstraction miner



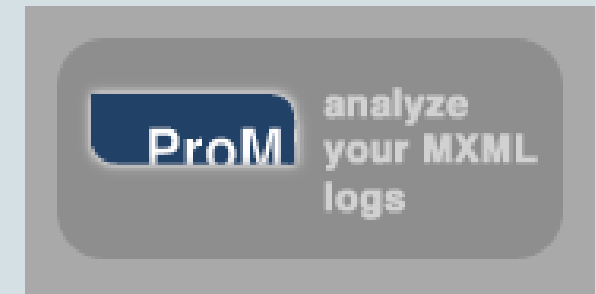
Conclusion

- Reality is different from models!
- The existence of event data enables a wide variety of process mining techniques: discovery and conformance.
- ProM supports this (+150 plug-ins)
- Although quite successful for "structured processes", "spaghetti processes" remain a challenge (two examples were given).
- Research should aim to address this challenge.



Relevant WWW sites

- <http://www.processmining.org>
- <http://promimport.sourceforge.net>
- <http://prom.sourceforge.net>
- <http://www.workflowpatterns.com>
- <http://www.workflowcourse.com>
- <http://www.win.tue.nl/is/>
- <http://is.tm.tue.nl/staff/wvdaalst>



...choose from more than 15 import filter plug-ins for all kinds of log-producing systems, like:

- WebSphere, FLOWer, Staffware, PeopleSoft, Eastman, Subversion, CVS, Apache, Adept, CPN Tools,...

...and many more!

